## **HOUSE BILL No. 6214**

September 22, 2004, Introduced by Reps. Howell and Lipsey and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1939 PA 288, entitled "Probate code of 1939,"

by amending sections 22, 23a, 23b, 23d, 23f, 27, 31, 34, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 51, and 60 of chapter X, section 1 of chapter XI, and sections 2, 14, and 15 of chapter XII (MCL 710.22, 710.23a, 710.23b, 710.23d, 710.23f, 710.27, 710.31, 710.34, 710.36, 710.37, 710.39, 710.41, 710.43, 710.51, 710.60, 711.1, 712.2, 712.14, and 712.15), sections 22, 34, 36, 43, 51, and 60 of chapter X as amended by 1996 PA 409, sections 23a, 23f, and 31 of chapter X as amended by 1994 PA 373, section 23b of chapter X as added and section 41 of chapter X as amended by 1994 PA 222, section 23d of chapter X as amended by 2004 PA 68, section 27 of chapter X as amended by 1994 PA 208, section 39 of chapter X as amended by 1998 PA 94, section 1 of chapter XII as amended by 2000 PA 111, and sections 2, 14, and 15 of chapter XII as added by

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2000 PA 232.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 CHAPTER X
- **2** Sec. 22. As used in this chapter:
- 3 (a) "Adoptee" means the individual who is to be adopted,
- 4 regardless of whether the individual is a child or an adult.
- 5 (b) "Adoption attorney" means an attorney acting as counsel
- 6 in a direct placement adoption who meets all of the following
- 7 requirements:
- 8 (i) Has completed at least 12 hours of continuing education
- 9 in this state during the past 5 years in courses integrating the
- 10 legal and social aspects of adoption.
- 11 (ii) Maintains an up-to-date file of individuals licensed or
- 12 registered under either the public health code, Act No. 368 of
- 13 the Public Acts of 1978, being sections 333.1101 to 333.25211 of
- 14 the Michigan Compiled Laws 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.1101 to
- 15 333.25211, or the occupational code, Act No. 299 of the Public
- 16 Acts of 1980, being sections 339.101 to 339.2721 of the Michigan
- 17 Compiled Laws 1980 PA 299, MCL 339.101 to 339.2721, and agencies
- 18 to whom referrals may be made for counseling services needed by
- 19 an adoption client.
- 20 (iii) Has registered as an adoption attorney with the
- 21 children's ombudsman as provided in section 5 of the foster care
- 22 and adoption services act, Act No. 203 of the Public Acts of
- 23 1994, being sections 722.951 to 722.960 of the Michigan Compiled
- 24 Laws 1994 PA 203, MCL 722.951 to 722.960.
- 25 (c) "Adult former sibling" means an individual who is 18

- 1 years of age or older and is related to an adult adoptee either
- 2 biologically or through adoption by at least 1 common parent,
- 3 regardless of whether the adult former sibling ever lived in the
- 4 same household as the adult adoptee.
- 5 (d) "Agency placement" means a placement in which a child
- 6 placing agency, the department, or a court selects the adoptive
- 7 parent for the child and transfers physical custody of the child
- 8 to the prospective adoptive parent.
- 9 (e) "Attending practitioner" means a licensed physician or a
- 10 registered professional nurse certified as a nurse midwife by the
- 11 Michigan board of nursing.
- 12 (f) "Best interests of the adoptee" or "best interests of the
- 13 child" means the sum total of the following factors to be
- 14 considered, evaluated, and determined by the court to be applied
- 15 to give the adoptee permanence at the earliest possible date:
- 16 (i) The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing
- 17 between the adopting individual or individuals and the adoptee
- 18 or, -in the case of for a hearing under section 39 of this
- 19 chapter, the putative father and the adoptee.
- (ii) The capacity and disposition of the adopting individual
- 21 or individuals or, —in the case of—for a hearing under section
- 22 39 of this chapter, the putative father to give the adoptee love,
- 23 affection, and guidance, and to educate and create a milieu that
- 24 fosters the religion, racial identity, and culture of the
- 25 adoptee.
- 26 (iii) The capacity and disposition of the adopting individual
- 27 or individuals or, —in the case of—for a hearing under section

- 1 39 of this chapter, the putative father, to provide the adoptee
- 2 with food, clothing, education, permanence, medical care or other
- 3 remedial care recognized and permitted under the laws of this
- 4 state in place of medical care, and other material needs.
- $\mathbf{5}$  (iv) The length of time the adoptee has lived in a stable,
- 6 satisfactory environment, and the desirability of maintaining
- 7 continuity.
- (v) The permanence as a family unit of the proposed adoptive
- 9 home, or, in the case of for a hearing under section 39 of this
- 10 chapter, the home of the putative father.
- 11 (vi) The moral fitness of the adopting individual or
- 12 individuals or, in the case of for a hearing under section 39
- 13 of this chapter, of the putative father.
- 14 (vii) The mental and physical health of the adopting
- 15 individual or individuals or, in the case of for a hearing
- 16 under section 39 of this chapter, of the putative father, and of
- 17 the adoptee.
- 18 (viii) The home, school, and community record of the
- 19 adoptee.
- 20 (ix) The reasonable preference of the adoptee, if the adoptee
- 21 is 14 years of age or less and if the court considers the adoptee
- 22 to be of sufficient age to express a preference.
- 23 (x) The ability and willingness of the adopting individual or
- 24 individuals to adopt the adoptee's siblings.
- 25 (xi) Any other factor considered by the court to be relevant
- 26 to a particular adoption proceeding, or to a putative father's
- 27 request for child custody or parenting time.

- 1 (g) "Born out of wedlock" means a child conceived and born to
- 2 a woman who was not married from the conception to the date of
- 3 birth of the child, or a child whom the court has determined to
- 4 be a child born during a marriage but not the issue of that
- 5 marriage.
- **6** (h) "Central adoption registry" means the registry
- 7 established by the department pursuant to- under section 27b of
- 8 this chapter to control the release of identifying adoption
- 9 information.
- 10 (i) "Child" means an individual less than 18 years of age.
- 11 (j) "Child placing agency" means a private organization
- 12 licensed under Act No. 116 of the Public Acts of 1973, being
- 13 sections 722.111 to 722.128 of the Michigan Compiled Laws 1973
- 14 PA 116, MCL 722.111 to 722.128, to place children for adoption.
- 15 (k) "Consent" means a document in which all parental rights
- 16 over a specific child are voluntarily relinquished to the court
- 17 for placement with a specific adoptive parent.
- 18 (l) "Court" means the family division of circuit court of
- 19 this state, or when the context requires, the court having
- 20 jurisdiction over adoption in another state or country.
- 21 (m) "Department" means the family independence agency.
- (n) "Direct placement" means a placement in which a parent or
- 23 guardian selects an adoptive parent for a child, other than a
- 24 stepparent or an individual related to the child within the fifth
- 25 degree by marriage, blood, or adoption, and transfers physical
- 26 custody of the child to the prospective adoptive parent.
- (o) "Formal placement" means a placement that is approved by

- 1 the court under section 51 of this chapter.
- 2 (p) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
- 3 association, governmental entity, or other legal entity.
- 4 (q) "Petitioner", except as used in section 68b of this
- 5 chapter, means the individual or individuals who file an adoption
- 6 petition with the court.
- 7 (r) "Placement" or "to place" means selection of an adoptive
- 8 parent for a child and transfer of physical custody of the child
- 9 to a prospective adoptive parent pursuant to under this
- 10 chapter.
- 11 (s) "Release" means a document in which all parental rights
- 12 over a specific child are voluntarily relinquished to the
- 13 department or to a child placing agency.
- 14 (t) "Rescission petition" means a petition filed by an adult
- 15 adoptee and his or her parent whose rights have been terminated
- 16 to rescind the adoption in which a stepparent acquired parental
- 17 rights and to restore parental rights of that parent -pursuant
- 18 to under section 66 of this chapter.
- 19 (u) "Suitable to be a parent of an adoptee" means a
- 20 conclusion that there is no specific concern with respect to an
- 21 individual that would suggest that placement of any child, or a
- 22 particular child, in the home of the individual would pose a risk
- 23 of harm to the physical or psychological well-being of the
- 24 child.
- (v) "Temporary placement" means a placement that occurs
- 26 before court approval under section 51 of this chapter and that
- 27 meets the requirements of section 23d of this chapter.

- 1 (w) "Within the fifth degree by marriage, blood, or adoption"
- 2 means any of the following relationships: parent, step-parent,
- 3 grandparent, step-grandparent, brother, step-brother, sister,
- 4 step-sister, uncle, step-uncle, aunt, step-aunt, first cousin,
- 5 step-first cousin, great aunt, step-great aunt, great uncle,
- 6 step-great uncle, great grandparent, step-great grandparent,
- 7 first cousin once removed, step-first cousin once removed, great
- 8 great grandparent, step-great great grandparent, great great
- 9 uncle, step-great great uncle, great great aunt, step-great great
- 10 aunt, great great great grandparent, or step-great great great
- 11 grandparent.
- 12 Sec. 23a. (1) A parent -or guardian having -legal and
- 13 physical custody of or sole parenting time with a child or the
- 14 guardian of a child may make a direct placement of the child for
- 15 adoption by making a temporary placement under section 23d of
- 16 this chapter or a formal placement under section 51 of this
- 17 chapter. A temporary placement becomes a formal placement when
- 18 the court orders the termination of the rights of the parent or
- 19 parents or the guardian and approves placement pursuant to
- 20 under section 51 of this chapter. A formal placement under
- 21 section 51 of this chapter does not have to be preceded by a
- 22 temporary placement.
- (2) A parent or guardian shall personally select a
- 24 prospective adoptive parent in a direct placement. The selection
- 25 shall not be delegated.
- 26 (3) In a direct placement the prospective adoptive parent,
- 27 an adoption attorney, or a child placing agency shall provide

- 1 information about a prospective adoptive parent to the parent or
- 2 guardian before placement. This information shall include the
- 3 specific information contained in a preplacement assessment as
- 4 described in section 23f of this chapter, and may include
- 5 additional information requested by the parent or guardian. The
- 6 information does not have to include identifying information
- 7 described in section 27(3) of this chapter. The parent or
- 8 quardian and the prospective adoptive parent shall determine
- 9 whether to exchange identifying information and whether to meet
- 10 each other.
- 11 (4) A parent <del>or guardian</del> having <del>legal and physical</del>
- 12 custody of or sole parenting time with a child or the guardian or
- 13 a child may make a formal placement of the child for adoption
- 14 under section 51 of this chapter with a stepparent or an
- 15 individual who is related to the child within the fifth degree by
- 16 marriage, blood, or adoption.
- 17 Sec. 23b. (1) A child placing agency or the department that
- 18 acquires legal and physical custody of a child -pursuant to
- 19 under section 29 of this chapter or chapter XIIA may formally
- 20 place a child for adoption under section 51 of this chapter. A
- 21 child placing agency that acquires written authorization
- 22 pursuant to under subsection (3) from the parent or quardian
- 23 having <del>legal</del> custody of or sole parenting time with a child or
- 24 the guardian of a child may make a temporary placement of the
- 25 child under section 23d of this chapter. A child placing agency
- 26 may assist a parent or guardian to make a direct placement under
- 27 section 23a of this chapter.

- 1 (2) In an agency placement, a child placing agency or the
- 2 department may involve the parent or guardian of a child in the
- 3 selection of an adoptive parent and may facilitate the exchange
- 4 of identifying information or meetings between a biological
- 5 parent and an adoptive parent.
- **6** (3) In a written document signed by a witness and by the
- 7 parent or guardian in the presence of the witness, a parent -or
- 8 guardian having <del>legal and physical</del> custody of or sole
- 9 parenting time with a child or the guardian of the child may
- 10 authorize a child placing agency to make a temporary placement of
- 11 the child under section 23d of this chapter. If the parent of
- 12 the child being temporarily placed is an unemancipated minor, the
- 13 authorization is not valid unless it is also signed in the
- 14 presence of the witness by a parent or guardian of that minor
- 15 parent.
- 16 Sec. 23d. (1) In a direct placement, a parent -or guardian
- 17 with -legal and physical custody of or sole parenting time with
- 18 a child or the guardian of a child may make a temporary placement
- 19 of the child as prescribed by this section. In an agency
- 20 placement, a child placing agency with written authorization from
- 21 the parent or guardian as prescribed by section 23b of this
- 22 chapter may make a temporary placement of the child as prescribed
- 23 by this section. A temporary placement shall meet all of the
- 24 following requirements:
- 25 (a) The prospective adoptive parent with whom a child is
- 26 temporarily placed has had a preplacement assessment completed
- 27 within 1 year before the date of the transfer with a finding that

- 1 the prospective adoptive parent is suitable to be a parent of an
- 2 adoptee.
- 3 (b) In a direct placement, the parent or guardian is assisted
- 4 by an adoption attorney or a child placing agency.
- 5 (c) In the presence of a witness who also signs the document,
- 6 the parent, guardian, or representative of the child placing
- 7 agency signs a statement evidencing the transfer of physical
- 8 custody of the child. If the parent making the temporary
- 9 placement is an unemancipated minor, the statement is not valid
- 10 unless it is also signed in the presence of the witness by a
- 11 parent or guardian of that minor parent. The statement shall
- 12 contain all of the following:
- (i) The date of the transfer of physical custody.
- 14 (ii) Language providing that the transfer is for the purpose
- 15 of adoption by the prospective adoptive parent.
- 16 (iii) Language indicating that unless the parent or guardian
- 17 and the prospective adoptive parent agree otherwise, the
- 18 prospective adoptive parent has the authority to consent to all
- 19 medical, surgical, psychological, educational, and related
- 20 services for the child and language indicating that the parent or
- 21 guardian otherwise retains full parental rights to the child
- 22 being temporarily placed and that the temporary placement may be
- 23 revoked by the filing of a petition under subsection (5).
- 24 (iv) Language providing that the person making the transfer
- 25 has read a preplacement assessment of the prospective adoptive
- 26 parent completed or updated within 1 year before the date of the
- 27 transfer with a finding that the prospective adoptive parent is

- 1 suitable to be a parent of an adoptee. If a child placing agency
- 2 makes the transfer of physical custody, the statement shall
- 3 include a verification that the child placing agency has given
- 4 the parent or guardian who authorized the temporary placement an
- 5 opportunity to review the preplacement assessment.
- 6 (v) Even if only 1 parent is making the temporary placement,
- 7 the name and address of both parents of the child, including in
- 8 the case of a child born out of wedlock, the name and the address
- 9 of each putative father of the child, if known.
- 10 (d) In the presence of a witness who also signs the document,
- 11 the prospective adoptive parent signs a statement setting forth
- 12 the date of the transfer of physical custody and the name and
- 13 address of the prospective adoptive parent and attesting to all
- 14 of the following:
- 15 (i) That the prospective adoptive parent understands that the
- 16 temporary placement will not become a formal placement until the
- 17 parents consent or release their parental rights and the court
- 18 orders the termination of parental rights and approves the
- 19 placement and that the prospective adoptive parent must
- 20 relinquish custody of the child within 24 hours after being
- 21 served with an order under section 23e(2) of this chapter.
- 22 (ii) That, if the prospective adoptive parent is a Michigan
- 23 resident, the prospective adoptive parent agrees to reside with
- 24 the child in Michigan until formal placement occurs.
- 25 (iii) That the prospective adoptive parent agrees to obtain
- 26 approval in compliance with the interstate compact on the
- 27 placement of children, 1984 PA 114, MCL 3.711 to 3.717, before

- 1 the child is sent, brought, or caused to be sent or brought into
- 2 a receiving state as that term is defined in section 1 of the
- 3 interstate compact on the placement of children, 1984 PA 114, MCL
- **4** 3.711.
- 5 (iv) That the prospective adoptive parent submits to this
- 6 state's jurisdiction.
- 7 (2) Not later than 2 days, excluding weekends and holidays,
- 8 after a transfer of physical custody of a child in accordance
- 9 with subsection (1), the adoption attorney or child placing
- 10 agency who assists with the temporary placement or the child
- 11 placing agency that makes the temporary placement shall submit to
- 12 the court in the county in which the child's parent or guardian
- 13 or the prospective adoptive parent resides, or in which the child
- 14 is found, a report that contains all of the following:
- (a) The date of the transfer of physical custody.
- 16 (b) The name and address of the parent or guardian or the
- 17 child placing agency who made the temporary placement.
- 18 (c) The name and address of the prospective adoptive parent
- 19 with whom the temporary placement was made.
- 20 (d) Even if only 1 parent is making the temporary placement,
- 21 the name and address of both parents of the child, including, in
- 22 the case of a child born out of wedlock, the name of each
- 23 putative father, if known.
- (e) The documents required under subsection (1)(c) and (d)
- 25 and, if applicable, the authorization required under section 23b
- 26 of this chapter.
- 27 (3) Not later than 30 days after the transfer of physical

- 1 custody of a child under this section, the adoption attorney or
- 2 child placing agency who assists with the temporary placement or
- 3 the child placing agency that makes the temporary placement shall
- 4 submit to the court that received the report described in
- 5 subsection (2) a report indicating whether or not 1 of the
- 6 following dispositions has occurred:
- 7 (a) A petition for adoption of the child has been filed.
- **8** (b) The child has been returned to the agency or to a parent
- 9 or other person having legal custody or parenting time.
- 10 (4) If the court has not received the report required under
- 11 subsection (3) within 45 days after the transfer of physical
- 12 custody of a child, the court shall immediately investigate and
- 13 determine whether an adoption petition has been filed or the
- 14 child has been returned to a parent or other person having legal
- 15 custody or parenting time. If the report required under
- 16 subsection (3) or the court's investigation reveals that neither
- 17 disposition has occurred, the court shall immediately report to
- 18 the prosecutor, who shall immediately file a petition in the
- 19 court that received the report described in subsection (2) for
- 20 disposition of the child as required by section 23e of this
- 21 chapter. If a petition has been filed under subsection (5), (6),
- 22 or (7), the prosecutor is not required to file a petition.
- 23 (5) A parent or guardian who wishes to regain custody of a
- 24 child who has been placed temporarily shall file a petition in
- 25 the court that received the report described in subsection (2)
- 26 requesting that the temporary placement be revoked and that the
- 27 child be returned to the parent or guardian. Upon request of the

- 1 parent or guardian, the adoption attorney or child placing agency
- 2 who assisted in making the temporary placement shall assist the
- 3 parent or guardian in filing the petition to revoke the temporary
- 4 placement. If the temporary placement was made by a child
- 5 placing agency under section 23b(3) of this chapter, the child
- 6 placing agency shall file the petition on behalf of a parent or
- 7 guardian who wishes to regain custody of the child.
- **8** (6) If a prospective adoptive parent with whom a child has
- 9 been temporarily placed is either unwilling or unable to proceed
- 10 with the adoption, the prospective adoptive parent may file a
- 11 petition in the court that received the report described in
- 12 subsection (2) for disposition of the child as required by
- 13 section 23e of this chapter.
- 14 (7) If a child placing agency that temporarily placed a child
- 15 is unable to proceed with an adoption because of the
- 16 unavailability of a parent or guardian to execute a release, or
- 17 if a child placing agency with legal custody of a child decides
- 18 not to proceed with the adoption by a prospective adoptive parent
- 19 with whom the child has been temporarily placed and the
- 20 prospective adoptive parent refuses upon the agency's request to
- 21 return the child to the agency, the child placing agency shall
- 22 file a petition in the court that received the report described
- 23 in subsection (2) for disposition of the child as required by
- 24 section 23e of this chapter.
- 25 (8) Except as otherwise agreed to by the parties, the
- 26 prospective adoptive parent with whom a child is temporarily
- 27 placed under this section may consent to all medical, surgical,

- 1 psychological, educational, and related services for the child.
- 2 (9) A hospital or attending practitioner shall not release a
- 3 child to an individual or agency not otherwise legally entitled
- 4 to the physical custody of the child unless all of the
- 5 requirements of subsection (1) are met.
- 6 Sec. 23f. (1) In a direct placement, an individual seeking
- 7 to adopt may request at any time that a preplacement assessment
- 8 be prepared by a child placing agency.
- 9 (2) An individual requesting a preplacement assessment need
- 10 not have located a prospective adoptee when the request is made
- 11 or when the assessment is completed.
- 12 (3) An individual may have more than 1 preplacement
- 13 assessment or may request that an assessment, once initiated, not
- 14 be completed.
- 15 (4) If an individual is seeking to adopt a child from a
- 16 particular child placing agency, the agency may require the
- 17 individual to be assessed by its own employee, even if the
- 18 individual has already had a favorable preplacement assessment
- 19 completed by another child placing agency.
- 20 (5) A preplacement assessment shall be based upon personal
- 21 interviews and visits at the residence of the individual being
- 22 assessed, interviews of others who know the individual, and
- 23 reports received under this subsection. The assessment shall
- 24 contain all of the following information about the individual
- 25 being assessed:
- (a) Age, nationality, race or ethnicity, and any religious
- 27 preference.

- 1 (b) Marital and family status and history, including the
- 2 presence of other children or adults in the household and the
- 3 relationship of those individuals to the adoptive parent.
- 4 (c) Physical and mental health, including any history of
- 5 substance abuse.
- 6 (d) Educational and employment history and any special skills
- 7 and interests.
- 8 (e) Property and income, including outstanding financial
- 9 obligations as indicated in a current financial report provided
- 10 by the individual.
- 11 (f) Reason for wanting to adopt.
- 12 (g) Any previous request for an assessment or involvement in
- 13 an adoptive placement and the outcome of the assessment or
- 14 placement.
- 15 (h) Whether the individual has ever been the respondent in a
- 16 domestic violence proceeding or a proceeding concerning a child
- 17 who was allegedly abused, dependent, deprived, neglected,
- 18 abandoned, or delinquent, and the outcome of the proceeding.
- 19 (i) Whether the individual has ever been convicted of a
- 20 crime.
- 21 (j) Whether the individual has located a parent interested in
- 22 placing a child with the individual for adoption and a brief
- 23 description of the parent and the child.
- (k) Any fact or circumstance that raises a specific concern
- 25 about the suitability of the individual as an adoptive parent,
- 26 including the quality of the environment in the home, the
- 27 functioning of other children in the household, and any aspect of

- 1 the individual's familial, social, psychological, or financial
- 2 circumstances that may be relevant to a determination that the
- 3 individual is not suitable. A specific concern is one that
- 4 suggests that placement of any child, or a particular child, in
- 5 the home of the individual would pose a risk of harm to the
- 6 physical or psychological well-being of the child.
- 7 (6) A child placing agency shall request an individual
- 8 seeking a preplacement assessment to provide a document from the
- 9 Michigan state police and the federal bureau of investigation
- 10 describing all of the individual's criminal convictions as shown
- 11 by that agency's records, or stating that the agency's records
- 12 indicate that the individual has not been convicted of a crime.
- 13 Upon request of the individual and receipt of a signed
- 14 authorization, the child placing agency shall obtain the criminal
- 15 record from the law enforcement agency on the individual's
- 16 behalf.
- 17 (7) A preplacement assessment shall contain a list of the
- 18 sources of information on which it is based. If the child
- 19 placing agency determines that the information assessed does not
- 20 raise a specific concern, the child placing agency shall find
- 21 that the individual is suited to be an adoptive parent. If the
- 22 child placing agency determines that the information assessed
- 23 does raise a specific concern, the child placing agency shall
- 24 find that the individual is not suitable to be an adoptive
- 25 parent. The conclusion shall be supported by a written account
- 26 of how 1 or more specific concerns pose a risk to the physical or
- 27 psychological well-being of any child or a particular child. If

- 1 the conclusion of a preplacement assessment regarding the
- 2 suitability of the individual differs from the conclusion in a
- 3 prior assessment, the child placing agency shall explain and
- 4 justify the difference.
- 5 (8) An individual who receives a preplacement assessment with
- 6 a conclusion of unsuitability may seek a review of the assessment
- 7 by the court after filing an adoption petition. The court may
- 8 order an agent or employee of the court to make an investigation
- 9 and report to the court before the hearing. If, at the hearing,
- 10 the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the
- 11 conclusion of unsuitability is not justified, the person with
- 12 legal custody of or sole parenting time with the child may place
- 13 the child with that individual. If the court determines that the
- 14 conclusion of unsuitability is justified, it shall order that the
- 15 child shall not be placed with the individual.
- 16 Sec. 27. (1) Before placement of a child for adoption, a
- 17 parent or guardian, a child placing agency, the department, or
- 18 the court that places the child shall compile and provide to the
- 19 prospective adoptive parent a written document containing all of
- 20 the following nonidentifying information that is not made
- 21 confidential by state or federal law and that is reasonably
- 22 obtainable from the parents, relatives, or guardian of the child;
- 23 from any person who has had -physical- custody of or parenting
- 24 time with the child for 30 days or more; or from any person who
- 25 has provided health, psychological, educational, or other
- 26 services to the child:
- 27 (a) Date, time, and place of birth of the child including the

- 1 hospital, city, county, and state.
- 2 (b) An account of the health and genetic history of the
- 3 child, including an account of the child's prenatal care; medical
- 4 condition at birth; any drug or medication taken by the child's
- 5 mother during pregnancy; any subsequent medical, psychological,
- 6 psychiatric, or dental examination and diagnosis; any
- 7 psychological evaluation done when the child was under the
- 8 jurisdiction of the court; any neglect or physical, sexual, or
- 9 emotional abuse suffered by the child; and a record of any
- 10 immunizations and health care the child received while in foster
- 11 or other care.
- 12 (c) An account of the health and genetic history of the
- 13 child's biological parents and other members of the child's
- 14 family, including any known hereditary condition or disease; the
- 15 health of each parent at the child's birth; a summary of the
- 16 findings of any medical, psychological, or psychiatric evaluation
- 17 of each parent at the time of placement; and, if a parent is
- 18 deceased, the cause of and the age at death.
- 19 (d) A description of the child and the child's family of
- 20 origin, including all of the following:
- 21 (i) Given first name of the child at birth.
- 22 (ii) The age and sex of siblings of the child.
- 23 (iii) The child's enrollment and performance in school,
- 24 results of educational testing, and any special educational
- 25 needs.
- 26 (iv) The child's racial, ethnic, and religious background,
- 27 and a general description of the child's parents, including the

- 1 age of the child's parents at the time of termination of parental
- 2 rights, and the length of time the parents had been married at
- 3 the time of placement.
- 4 (v) An account of the child's past and existing relationship
- 5 with any relative, foster parent, or other individual or facility
- 6 with whom the child has lived or visited on a regular basis. The
- 7 account shall not include names and addresses of individuals.
- 8 (vi) The levels of educational, occupational, professional,
- 9 athletic, or artistic achievement of the child's family.
- 10 (vii) Hobbies, special interests, and school activities of
- 11 the child's family.
- 12 (viii) The circumstances of any judicial order terminating
- 13 the parental rights of a parent for abuse, neglect, abandonment,
- 14 or other mistreatment of the child.
- 15 (ix) Length of time between the termination of parental
- 16 rights and adoptive placement and whether the termination was
- 17 voluntary or court-ordered.
- 18 (x) Any information necessary to determine the child's
- 19 eligibility for state or federal benefits, including financial,
- 20 medical, or other assistance.
- 21 (2) Information required by subsection (1) that is
- 22 unobtainable before temporary placement shall be submitted by the
- 23 time of formal placement if reasonably obtainable. The
- 24 information required by subsection (1) shall be supplemented by
- 25 other nonidentifying background information that the parent or
- 26 guardian, child placing agency, department, or court considers
- 27 appropriate.

- 1 (3) A parent or guardian, the department, a child placing
- 2 agency, or a court that places an adoptee under this chapter
- 3 shall compile all of the following identifying information if
- 4 reasonably obtainable:
- 5 (a) Name of the child before placement in adoption.
- 6 (b) Name of each biological parent at the time of termination
- 7 of parental rights.
- 8 (c) The most recent name and address of each biological
- 9 parent.
- 10 (d) Names of the biological siblings at the time of
- 11 termination.
- 12 (4) The information required by subsections (1) to (3) shall
- 13 be maintained by the child placing agency, department, or court
- 14 that places the child or, in the case of a direct placement by a
- 15 parent or guardian, by the court that approves the placement. In
- 16 a direct placement, the parent or guardian shall transmit the
- 17 information required under subsections (1) to (3) to the court
- 18 before the termination of parental rights. An employee or agent
- 19 of a child placing agency, the court, or the department who
- 20 intentionally destroys information required to be maintained
- 21 under this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 22 (5) If a child placing agency ceases to operate, the agency's
- 23 adoption records shall be forwarded to the department. A branch
- 24 or associate agency of a child placing agency that ceases to
- 25 operate shall forward its records to the central agency of the
- 26 branch or associate agency.
- 27 (6) This section does not apply to a stepparent adoption or

- 1 to the adoption of a child related to the petitioner within the
- 2 fifth degree by marriage, blood, or adoption.
- 3 (7) This section does not prevent a parent or guardian and
- 4 prospective adoptive parent from exchanging identifying
- 5 information or meeting -pursuant to as provided in sections 23a
- 6 and 23b.
- 7 Sec. 31. (1) Except as provided in section 23d of this
- 8 chapter, if a child is born out of wedlock and the release or
- 9 consent of the biological father cannot be obtained, the child
- 10 shall not be placed for adoption until the parental rights of the
- 11 father are terminated by the court as provided in section 37 or
- 12 39 of this chapter, by the court -pursuant according to chapter
- 13 XIIA, or by a court of competent jurisdiction in another state or
- 14 country.
- 15 (2) Pending the termination or other disposition of the
- 16 rights of the father of a child born out of wedlock, the mother
- 17 may execute a release terminating her rights to the child. If
- 18 the mother releases the child, the child placing agency or
- 19 department to which the child is released may file a petition of
- 20 dependency or neglect -pursuant according to chapter XIIA.
- 21 Pending disposition of the dependency or neglect petition, the
- 22 court may enter an order authorizing temporary care of the
- 23 child.
- 24 (3) At the request of the mother, her formal execution of a
- 25 release or consent shall be delayed until after court
- 26 determination of the status of the putative father's request for
- 27 custody of or parenting time with the child.

- 1 Sec. 34. (1) In order to provide due notice at the earliest
- 2 possible time to a putative father who may have an interest in
- 3 the custody of or parenting time with an expected child or in the
- 4 mother's intended release of an expected child for adoption or
- 5 consent to adoption of the expected child, and in order to
- 6 facilitate early placement of a child for adoption, a woman
- 7 pregnant out of wedlock may file with the court an ex parte
- 8 petition -which evidences that does all of the following:
- 9 (a) Evidences her intent to release her expected child for
- 10 adoption or to consent to the child's adoption. -, which
- 11 indicates
- 12 (b) Indicates the approximate date and location of conception
- 13 and the expected date of her confinement. -, which alleges
- 14 (c) Alleges that a particular person is the putative father
- 15 of her expected child. -, and which requests
- 16 (d) Requests the court to notify the putative father about
- 17 his rights to file a notice of intent to claim paternity
- 18 pursuant to under section 33.
- 19 (2) The petition may allege more than 1 putative father where
- 20 circumstances warrant. The petition shall be verified. Upon the
- 21 filing of the petition, the court shall issue a notice of intent
- 22 to release or consent, -which- and the notice shall be served
- 23 upon the putative father by -any an officer or person authorized
- 24 to serve process of the court. Proof of service shall be filed
- 25 with the court.
- 26 (3) -(2) A notice of intent to release or consent shall:
- 27 (a) Indicate the approximate date and location of conception

- 1 of the child and the expected date of confinement of the mother.
- 2 (b) Inform the putative father of his right under section
- **3** 33(1) to file a notice of intent to claim paternity before the
- 4 birth of the child.
- 5 (c) Inform the putative father of the rights to which his
- 6 filing of a notice of intent to claim paternity will entitle him
- 7 under section 33(3).
- 8 (d) Inform the putative father that his failure to file a
- 9 notice of intent to claim paternity before the expected date of
- 10 confinement or before the birth of the child, whichever is later,
- 11 -shall constitute constitutes a waiver of his right to receive
- 12 the notice to which he would otherwise be entitled under section
- 13 33(3) and -shall constitute constitutes a denial of his interest
- 14 in custody of or parenting time with the child, -which and the
- 15 denial shall result in the court's termination of his rights to
- 16 the child.
- 17 (3) The form of the notice of intent to release or consent
- 18 shall be approved by the supreme court administrator and shall be
- 19 consistent with this section.
- Sec. 36. (1) If a child is claimed to be born out of
- **21** wedlock and the mother executes or proposes to execute a release
- 22 or consent relinquishing her rights to the child or joins in a
- 23 petition for adoption filed by her husband, and the release or
- 24 consent of the natural father cannot be obtained, the judge shall
- 25 hold a hearing as soon as practical to determine whether the
- 26 child was born out of wedlock, to determine the identity of the
- 27 father, and to determine or terminate the rights of the father as

- 1 provided in this section and sections 37 and 39 of this chapter.
- 2 (2) Proof of service of a notice of intent to release or
- 3 consent or the putative father's verified acknowledgment of
- 4 notice of intent to release or consent shall be filed with the
- 5 court, if the notice was given to the putative father. The court
- 6 shall request the vital records division of the department of
- 7 public community health to send to the court a copy of any
- 8 notice of intent to claim paternity of the particular child which
- 9 the division has received.
- 10 (3) Notice of the hearing shall be served upon the
- 11 following:
- 12 (a) A putative father who has timely filed a notice of intent
- 13 to claim paternity as provided in section 33 or 34 of this
- 14 chapter.
- 15 (b) A putative father who was not served a notice of intent
- 16 to release or consent at least 30 days before the expected date
- 17 of confinement specified in the notice of intent to release or
- 18 consent.
- 19 (c) Any other male who was not served <del>pursuant to</del> as
- 20 provided in section 34(1) of this chapter with a notice of intent
- 21 to release or consent and who the court has reason to believe may
- 22 be the father of the child.
- 23 (4) The notice of hearing shall inform the putative father
- 24 that his failure to appear at the hearing -shall constitute
- 25 constitutes a denial of his interest in custody of or parenting
- 26 time with the child, -which- and the denial shall result in the
- 27 court's termination of his rights to the child.

- 1 (5) Proof of service of the notice of hearing required by
- 2 subsection (3) shall be filed with the court. A verified
- 3 acknowledgment of service by the party to be served is proof of
- 4 personal service. Notice of the hearing shall not be is not
- **5** required if the putative father is present at the hearing. A
- 6 waiver of notice of hearing by a person entitled to receive it is
- 7 sufficient.
- 8 (6) The court shall receive evidence as to the identity of
- 9 the father of the child. Based upon the evidence received, the
- 10 court shall enter a finding identifying the father or declaring
- 11 that the identity of the father cannot be determined.
- 12 (7) If the court finds that the father of the child is a
- 13 person who did not receive either a timely notice of intent to
- 14 release or consent -pursuant to as provided in section 34(1) of
- 15 this chapter or a notice required -pursuant to under subsection
- 16 (3), and who has neither waived his right to notice of hearing
- 17 nor is present at the hearing, the court shall adjourn further
- 18 proceedings until that person is served with a notice of
- 19 hearing.
- Sec. 37. (1) If the court has proof that the person whom it
- 21 determines -pursuant to under section 36 to be the father of the
- 22 child was timely served with a notice of intent to release or
- 23 consent pursuant to as provided in section 34(1) or was served
- 24 with or waived the notice of hearing required by section 36(3),
- 25 the court may permanently terminate the rights of the putative
- 26 father under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) The putative father submits a verified affirmation of his

- 1 paternity and a denial of his interest in custody of or parenting
- 2 time with the child.
- 3 (b) The putative father files a disclaimer of paternity. For
- 4 purposes of this section the filing of the disclaimer of
- 5 paternity shall constitute constitutes a waiver of notice of
- 6 hearing and -shall constitute constitutes a denial of his
- 7 interest in custody of or parenting time with the child.
- 8 (c) The putative father was served with a notice of intent to
- 9 release or consent in accordance with section 34(1), at least 30
- 10 days before the expected date of confinement specified in that
- 11 notice but failed to file an intent to claim paternity either
- 12 before the expected date of confinement or before the birth of
- 13 the child.
- 14 (d) The putative father is given proper notice of hearing in
- 15 accordance with section 36(3) or 36(5) but either fails to appear
- 16 at the hearing or appears and denies his interest in custody of
- 17 or parenting time with the child.
- 18 (2) If the identity of the father cannot be determined, or if
- 19 the identity of the father is known but his whereabouts cannot be
- 20 determined, the court shall take evidence to determine the facts
- 21 in the matter. The court may terminate the rights of the
- 22 putative father if the court finds from the evidence that
- 23 reasonable effort has been made to identify and locate the father
- 24 and that any of the following circumstances exist:
- 25 (a) The putative father, whose identity is not known, has not
- 26 made provision for the child's care and did not provide support
- 27 for the mother during her pregnancy or during her confinement.

- 1 (b) The putative father, whose identity is known but whose
- 2 whereabouts are unknown, has not provided support for the mother,
- 3 has not shown any interest in the child, and has not made
- 4 provision for the child's care, for at least 90 days preceding
- 5 the hearing required under section 36.
- 6 Sec. 39. (1) If the putative father does not come within
- 7 the provisions of subsection (2), and if the putative father
- 8 appears at the hearing and requests custody of or parenting time
- 9 with the child, the court shall inquire into his fitness and his
- 10 ability to properly care for the child and shall determine
- 11 whether the best interests of the child will be served by
- 12 granting custody or parenting time to him. If the court finds
- 13 that it would not be in the best interests of the child to grant
- 14 custody or parenting time to the putative father, the court shall
- 15 terminate his rights to the child.
- 16 (2) If the putative father has established a <del>custodial</del>
- 17 parenting relationship with the child or has provided substantial
- 18 and regular support or care in accordance with the putative
- 19 father's ability to provide -such that support or care for the
- 20 mother during pregnancy or for either mother or child after the
- 21 child's birth during the 90 days before notice of the hearing was
- 22 served upon him, the rights of the putative father shall not be
- 23 terminated except by proceedings in accordance with section 51(6)
- 24 of this chapter or section 2 of chapter XIIA.
- 25 (3) If the parental rights of the mother are terminated
- 26 pursuant to under this chapter or other law and if the court
- 27 awards custody of a child born out of wedlock to the putative

- 1 father, the court shall enter an order granting custody to the
- 2 putative father and legitimating the child for all purposes.
- 3 Upon entry of an order granting custody and legitimating the
- 4 child, the clerk of the court shall collect a fee of \$35.00 from
- 5 the putative father. The clerk shall retain \$9.00 of the fee and
- 6 remit the \$26.00 balance, along with a written report of the
- 7 order granting custody and legitimating the child, to the
- 8 director of the department of community health. The report shall
- 9 be on a form prescribed by or in a manner approved by the
- 10 director of the department of community health. Regardless of
- 11 whether the fee required by this section is collected, the clerk
- 12 shall transmit and the department of community health shall
- 13 receive the report of the order granting custody and legitimating
- 14 the child.
- 15 Sec. 41. (1) Except as provided in section 23d of this
- 16 chapter, a child shall not be placed in a home for the purpose of
- 17 adoption until an order terminating parental rights has been
- 18 entered -pursuant to under this chapter or chapter XIIA and the
- 19 court has formally approved placement under section 51 of this
- 20 chapter. After an order terminating parental rights has been
- **21** entered, the court shall enter any appropriate orders <del>pursuant</del>
- 22 to under sections 45, 46, and 51 of this chapter. Such Those
- 23 orders shall not be withheld because the period specified for a
- 24 rehearing or an appeal as of right has not expired, or because of
- **25** the pendency of  $\frac{any}{a}$  rehearing or appeal as of right.
- 26 (2) If an order terminating parental rights is entered
- 27 pursuant to under this chapter or chapter XIIA, the child may

- 1 be placed in a home for the purpose of adoption during the period
- 2 specified for a rehearing or an appeal as of right and the period
- 3 during which a rehearing or appeal as of right is pending.
- 4 -When- If a child placing agency, the court, or the department
- 5 formally places a child or the court approves placement of a
- 6 child -pursuant to under this subsection, the child placing
- 7 agency, court, or department shall inform the person or persons
- 8 in whose home the child is placed that an adoption will not be
- 9 ordered until 1 of the following occurs:
- 10 (a) The petition for rehearing is granted, at the rehearing
- 11 the order terminating parental rights is not modified or set
- 12 aside, and subsequently the period for appeal as of right to the
- 13 court of appeals has expired without an appeal being filed.
- 14 (b) The petition for rehearing is denied and the period for
- 15 appeal as of right to the court of appeals has expired without an
- 16 appeal being filed.
- 17 (c) There is a decision of the court of appeals affirming the
- 18 order terminating parental rights.
- 19 (3) This section shall does not be construed to prevent a
- 20 child residing in a licensed foster home from being adopted by
- 21 the foster parent or parents.
- 22 (4) This section does not apply if the petitioner for
- 23 adoption is married to a parent having legal custody of or sole
- 24 parenting time with the child.
- 25 Sec. 43. (1) Subject to this section and sections 44 and 51
- 26 of this chapter, consent to adoption of a child shall be
- 27 executed:

- 1 (a) By each parent of a child to be adopted or the surviving
- 2 parent, except under the following circumstances:
- 3 (i) The rights of the parent have been terminated by a court
- 4 of competent jurisdiction.
- $\mathbf{5}$  (ii) The child has been released for the purpose of adoption
- 6 to a child placing agency or to the department.
- 7 (iii) A guardian of the child has been appointed.
- 8 (iv) A guardian of a parent has been appointed.
- 9 (v) A parent having legal custody of or sole parenting time
- 10 with the child is married to the petitioner.
- 11 (b) By the authorized representative of the department or of
- 12 a child placing agency to whom the child has been permanently
- 13 committed by an order of the court.
- 14 (c) By the court or by a tribal court having permanent
- 15 custody of the child.
- 16 (d) By the authorized representative of the department or of
- 17 a child placing agency to whom the child has been released.
- 18 (e) By the guardian of the child, subject to subsection (5),
- 19 if a guardian has been appointed.
- 20 (f) By the guardian of a parent, subject to subsection (6),
- 21 if a guardian has been appointed.
- 22 (g) By the authorized representative of a court or child
- 23 placing agency of another state or country that has authority to
- 24 consent to adoption.
- 25 (2) If the child to be adopted is over 14 years of age, that
- 26 child's consent is necessary before the court may enter an order
- 27 of adoption.

- 1 (3) If the individual to be adopted is an adult, the
- 2 individual's consent is necessary before the court may enter an
- 3 order of adoption, but consent by any other individual is not
- 4 required.
- 5 (4) If the parent of the child to be adopted is an
- 6 unemancipated minor, that parent's consent is not valid unless a
- 7 parent, guardian, or guardian ad litem of that minor parent has
- 8 also executed the consent.
- 9 (5) The guardian of the child to be adopted shall not execute
- 10 a consent to that child's adoption -pursuant to under subsection
- 11 (1) unless the quardian has first obtained authority to execute
- 12 the consent from the court that appointed the guardian.
- 13 (6) The guardian of a parent shall not execute a consent to
- 14 the adoption of the parent's child <del>pursuant to</del> under subsection
- 15 (1) unless the guardian has first obtained authority to execute
- 16 the consent from the court that appointed the guardian. The
- 17 consent shall have the same effect as if the consent were
- 18 executed by the parent.
- 19 (7) If the petitioner for adoption is married to the parent
- 20 having legal custody of or sole parenting time with the child and
- 21 that parent has joined the petitioner in filing the petition for
- 22 adoption, that parent shall not execute a consent to the
- 23 adoption. The consent of the parent who does not have legal
- 24 custody of or sole parenting time with the child and whose
- 25 parental rights have not been terminated shall be executed before
- 26 the court may enter an order of adoption under section 56 of this
- 27 chapter.

- 1 Sec. 51. (1) Not later than 14 days after receipt of the
- 2 report of investigation, except as provided in subsections (2)
- 3 and (5), the judge shall examine the report and shall enter an
- 4 order terminating the rights of the child's parent or parents, if
- 5 there was a parental consent, or the rights of any person in loco
- 6 parentis, if there was a consent by other than parents, and
- 7 approve placement of the child with the petitioner if the judge
- 8 is satisfied as to both of the following:
- 9 (a) The genuineness of consent to the adoption and the legal
- 10 authority of the person or persons signing the consent.
- 11 (b) The best interests of the adoptee will be served by the
- 12 adoption.
- 13 (2) If it is necessary to hold a hearing before entering an
- 14 order terminating the rights of a parent, parents, or a person in
- 15 loco parentis, or if other good cause is shown, the time
- 16 specified in subsection (1) shall be extended for an additional
- **17** 14-day period.
- 18 (3) Upon entry of an order terminating rights of parents or
- 19 persons in loco parentis, a child is a ward of the court and a
- 20 consent to adoption executed -pursuant to under section 43 of
- 21 this chapter shall not be withdrawn after the order is entered.
- 22 Entry of the order terminates the jurisdiction of the same court
- 23 or another court over the child in a divorce or separate
- 24 maintenance action. If the petitioner for adoption is married to
- 25 the parent having legal custody of or sole parenting time with
- 26 the child, the child shall not be made a ward of the court after
- 27 termination of the rights of the other parent.

- 1 (4) Without making the child a ward of the court, the court
- 2 may approve placement of a child if the child is placed for
- 3 adoption in this state by a public or licensed private agency of
- 4 another state or country and if the law of the sending state or
- 5 country prohibits the giving of consent to adoption at the time
- 6 of placement. Before placement of the child in that instance,
- 7 the sending agency shall tender evidence as the court requires to
- 8 demonstrate that the agency possesses the necessary authority to
- 9 consent to the adoption at the time of entry of the final order
- 10 of adoption. After the sending agency has given evidence of its
- 11 ability to consent, the agency shall not do anything to
- 12 jeopardize its ability to grant the required consent before entry
- 13 of the final order of adoption. After the sending agency gives
- 14 its consent for the adoption, that consent shall not be
- 15 withdrawn.
- 16 (5) If a parent having legal custody of or sole parenting
- 17 time with the child is married to the petitioner for adoption,
- 18 the judge shall not enter an order terminating the rights of that
- 19 parent.
- 20 (6) If the parents of a child are divorced, or if the parents
- 21 are unmarried but the father has acknowledged paternity or is a
- 22 putative father who meets the conditions in section 39(2) of this
- 23 chapter, and if the parent having legal custody of or sole
- 24 parenting time with the child subsequently marries and that
- 25 parent's spouse petitions to adopt the child, the court upon
- 26 notice and hearing may issue an order terminating the rights of
- 27 the other parent if both of the following occur:

- 1 (a) The other parent, having the ability to support, or
- 2 assist in supporting, the child, has failed or neglected to
- 3 provide regular and substantial support for the child or if a
- 4 support order has been entered, has failed to substantially
- 5 comply with the order, for a period of 2 years or more before the
- 6 filing of the petition.
- 7 (b) The other parent, having the ability to visit, contact,
- 8 or communicate with the child, has regularly and substantially
- 9 failed or neglected to do so for a period of 2 years or more
- 10 before the filing of the petition.
- 11 (7) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the prospective
- 12 adoptive parents with whom a child is placed -pursuant to under
- 13 a court order approving placement under this section may consent
- 14 to all medical, surgical, psychological, educational, and related
- 15 services for the child.
- 16 Sec. 60. (1) After the entry of the order of adoption, the
- 17 adoptee shall, in case of a change of name, be known and called
- 18 by the new name. The person or persons adopting the adoptee then
- 19 stand in the place of a parent or parents to the adoptee in law
- 20 in all respects as though the adopted person had been born to the
- 21 adopting parents and are liable for all the duties and entitled
- 22 to all the rights of parents.
- 23 (2) After entry of the order of adoption, there is no
- 24 distinction between the rights and duties of natural progeny and
- 25 adopted persons, and the adopted person becomes an heir at law of
- 26 the adopting parent or parents, and an heir at law of the lineal
- 27 and collateral kindred of the adopting parent or parents. After

- 1 entry of the order of adoption, an adopted child is no longer an
- 2 heir at law of a parent whose rights have been terminated under
- 3 this chapter or chapter XIIA or the lineal or collateral kindred
- 4 of that parent, nor is an adopted adult an heir at law of a
- 5 person who was his or her parent at the time the order of
- 6 adoption was entered or the lineal or collateral kindred of that
- 7 person, except that a right, title, or interest vesting before
- 8 entry of the final order of adoption is not divested by that
- 9 order.
- 10 (3) This section does not prohibit the entry of an order for
- 11 grandparenting time under section 7b of the child -custody act of
- 12 1970, Act No. 91 of the Public Acts of 1970, being section
- 13 722.27b of the Michigan Compiled Laws parenting time act, 1970
- 14 PA 91, MCL 722.27b. During the pendency of a stepparent adoption
- 15 proceeding, a parent of a natural parent may seek an order for
- 16 grandparenting time of the adoptee in the same manner as set
- 17 forth in section 7b of Act No. 91 of the Public Acts of 1970
- 18 the child parenting time act, 1970 PA 91, MCL 722.27b, and the
- 19 judge shall proceed in the same manner as is provided in section
- 20 7b of Act No. 91 of the Public Acts of 1970 the child parenting
- 21 time act, 1970 PA 91, MCL 722.27b.
- 22 CHAPTER XI
- 23 Sec. 1. (1) The family division of the circuit court for a
- 24 county may enter an order to change the name of an individual who
- 25 has been a resident of the county for not less than 1 year and
- 26 who in accordance with subsection (2) petitions in writing to the
- 27 court for that purpose showing a sufficient reason for the

- 1 proposed change and that the change is not sought with a
- 2 fraudulent intent. If the individual who petitions for a name
- 3 change has a criminal record, the individual is presumed to be
- 4 seeking a name change with a fraudulent intent. The burden of
- 5 proof is on a petitioner who has a criminal record to rebut the
- 6 presumption. The court shall set a time and place for hearing
- 7 and, except as provided in section 3 of this chapter, order
- 8 publication as provided by supreme court rule.
- 9 (2) An individual who is 22 years of age or older and who
- 10 petitions to have his or her name changed shall have 2 complete
- 11 sets of his or her fingerprints taken at a local police agency.
- 12 The fingerprints, along with a copy of the petition and the
- 13 required processing fees, shall be forwarded to the department of
- 14 state police. The department of state police shall compare those
- 15 fingerprints with its records and shall forward a complete set of
- 16 fingerprints to the federal bureau of investigation for a
- 17 comparison with the records available to that agency. The
- 18 department of state police shall report to the court in which the
- 19 petition is filed the information contained in the department's
- 20 records with respect to any pending charges against the
- 21 petitioner or a record of conviction of the petitioner and shall
- 22 report to the court similar information obtained from the federal
- 23 bureau of investigation. If there are no pending charges or
- 24 record of conviction against the petitioner, the department of
- 25 state police shall destroy its copy of the petitioner's
- 26 fingerprints. The court shall not act upon the petition for a
- 27 name change until the department of state police reports the

- 1 information required by this subsection to the court.
- 2 (3) If the court enters an order to change the name of an
- 3 individual who has a criminal record, the court shall forward the
- 4 order to the central records division of the Michigan state
- 5 police and to 1 or more of the following:
- 6 (a) The department of corrections if the individual named in
- 7 the order is in prison or on parole or has been imprisoned or
- 8 released from parole in the immediately preceding 2 years.
- 9 (b) The sheriff of the county in which the individual named
- 10 in the order was last convicted if the individual was
- 11 incarcerated in a county jail or released from a county jail
- 12 within the immediately preceding 2 years.
- 13 (c) The court that has jurisdiction over the individual named
- 14 in the order if the individual named in the order is under the
- 15 jurisdiction of the family division of the circuit court or has
- 16 been discharged from the jurisdiction of that court within the
- 17 immediately preceding 2 years.
- 18 (4) The court may permit an individual having the same name,
- 19 or a similar name to that which the petitioner proposes to
- 20 assume, to intervene in the proceeding for the purpose of showing
- 21 fraudulent intent.
- 22 (5) Except as provided in subsection (7), if the petitioner
- 23 is a minor, the petition shall be signed by the mother and father
- 24 jointly; by the surviving parent if 1 is deceased; if both
- 25 parents are deceased, by the quardian of the minor; or by 1 of
- 26 the minor's parents if there is only 1 legal parent available to
- 27 give consent. If either parent has been declared mentally

- 1 incompetent, the petition may be signed by the guardian for that
- 2 parent. The written consent to the change of name of a minor 14
- 3 years of age or older, signed by the minor in the presence of the
- 4 court, shall be filed with the court before an order changing the
- 5 name of the minor is entered. If the court considers the child
- 6 to be of sufficient age to express a preference, the court shall
- 7 consult a minor under 14 years of age as to a change in his or
- 8 her name, and the court shall consider the minor's wishes.
- **9** (6) If the petitioner is married, the court, in its order
- 10 changing the name of the petitioner, may include the name of the
- 11 spouse, if the spouse consents, and may include the names of
- 12 minor children of the petitioner of whom the petitioner has legal
- 13 custody or with whom the petitioner has sole parenting time. The
- 14 written consent to the change of name of a child 14 years of age
- 15 or older, signed by the child in the presence of the court, shall
- 16 be filed with the court before the court includes that child in
- 17 its order. Except as provided in subsection (7), the name of a
- 18 minor under 14 years of age may not be changed unless he or she
- 19 is the natural or adopted child of the petitioner and unless
- 20 consent is obtained from the mother and father jointly, from the
- 21 surviving parent if 1 is deceased, or from 1 of the minor's
- 22 parents if there is only 1 legal parent available to give
- 23 consent. If the court considers the child to be of sufficient
- 24 age to express a preference, the court shall consult a minor
- 25 under 14 years of age as to a change in his or her name, and the
- 26 court shall consider the minor's wishes.
- 27 (7) The name of a minor may be changed <del>pursuant to</del> under

- 1 subsection (5) or (6) with the consent or signature of the
- 2 -custodial parent with sole parenting time upon notice to the
- 3 -noncustodial other parent as provided in supreme court rule and
- 4 after a hearing in either of the following circumstances:
- 5 (a) If both of the following occur:
- 6 (i) The other parent, having the ability to support or assist
- 7 in supporting the child, has failed or neglected to provide
- 8 regular and substantial support for the child or, if a support
- 9 order has been entered, has failed to substantially comply with
- 10 the order, for 2 years or more before the filing of the
- 11 petition.
- 12 (ii) The other parent, having the ability to visit, contact,
- 13 or communicate with the child, has regularly and substantially
- 14 failed or neglected to do so for 2 years or more before the
- 15 filing of the petition.
- 16 (b) The other parent has been convicted of a violation of
- **17** section 136b, 520b, 520c, 520d, 520e, or 520g of the Michigan
- 18 penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.136b, 750.520b to 750.520e, and
- 19 750.520g, and the child or a sibling of the child is a victim of
- 20 the crime.
- 21 (8) A false statement that is intentionally included within a
- 22 petition for a name change constitutes perjury under section 422
- 23 of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.422.
- 24 CHAPTER XII
- 25 Sec. 2. (1) The court has jurisdiction over a newborn who
- 26 is surrendered to an emergency service provider as provided in
- 27 section 3 of this chapter. The court may appoint a

- 1 lawyer-guardian ad litem to represent a newborn in proceedings
- 2 under this chapter.
- 3 (2) Except as provided in section 5 of this chapter, the
- 4 reporting requirement of section 3 of the child protection law,
- 5 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.623, does not apply regarding a child
- 6 surrendered to an emergency service provider as provided in
- 7 section 3 of this chapter.
- **8** (3) Unless this chapter specifically provides otherwise, a
- 9 provision in another chapter of this act does not apply to a
- 10 proceeding under this chapter. Unless this chapter specifically
- 11 provides otherwise, the child -custody act of 1970 parenting
- 12 time act, 1970 PA 91, MCL 722.21 to 722.30, does not apply to a
- 13 proceeding under this chapter.
- 14 (4) A hospital and a child placing agency, and their agents
- 15 and employees, are immune in a civil action for damages for an
- 16 act or omission in accepting or transferring a newborn under this
- 17 chapter, except for an act or omission constituting gross
- 18 negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. To the extent not
- 19 protected by the immunity conferred by 1964 PA 170, MCL 691.1401
- 20 to 691.1415, an employee or contractor of a fire department or
- 21 police station has the same immunity that this subsection
- 22 provides to a hospital's or child placing agency's agent or
- 23 employee.
- 24 Sec. 14. (1) In <del>a custody</del> an action under this chapter,
- 25 the court shall determine custody of or parenting time with the
- 26 newborn based on the newborn's best interest. The court shall
- 27 consider, evaluate, and make findings on each factor of the

- 1 newborn's best interest with the goal of achieving permanence for
- 2 the newborn at the earliest possible date.
- 3 (2) A newborn's best interest in <del>a custody</del> **an** action under
- 4 this chapter is all of the following factors regarding a parent
- 5 claiming parenthood of the newborn:
- **6** (a) The love, affection, and other emotional ties existing
- 7 between the newborn and the parent.
- 8 (b) The parent's capacity to give the newborn love,
- 9 affection, and guidance.
- 10 (c) The parent's capacity and disposition to provide the
- 11 newborn with food, clothing, medical care, or other remedial care
- 12 recognized and permitted under the laws of this state in place of
- 13 medical care, and other material needs.
- 14 (d) The permanence, as a family unit, of the existing or
- 15 proposed -custodial home for the child.
- 16 (e) The parent's moral fitness.
- 17 (f) The parent's mental and physical health.
- 18 (g) Whether the parent has a history of domestic violence.
- (h) If the parent is not the parent who surrendered the
- 20 newborn, the opportunity the parent had to provide appropriate
- 21 care and <del>custody of parenting time with</del> the newborn before the
- 22 newborn's birth or surrender.
- 23 (i) Any other factor considered by the court to be relevant
- 24 to the determination of the newborn's best interest.
- 25 Sec. 15. Based on the court's finding of the newborn's best
- 26 interest under section 14 of this chapter, the court may issue an
- 27 order that does 1 of the following:

- 1 (a) Grants <del>legal or physical</del> custody <del>, or both,</del> of **or**
- 2 parenting time with the newborn to the parent —, and either
- 3 retains or relinquishes jurisdiction.
- 4 (b) Terminates the parent's parental rights and gives a child
- 5 placing agency custody and care of the newborn.
- 6 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect
- **7** January 1, 2005.
- 8 Enacting section 2. This amendatory act does not take
- 9 effect unless House Bill No. 5949 of the 92nd Legislature is
- 10 enacted into law.

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