## HOUSE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 220

A bill to amend 1976 PA 331, entitled "Michigan consumer protection act,"

by amending section 3 (MCL 445.903), as amended by 2002 PA 613.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 3. (1) Unfair, unconscionable, or deceptive methods,
 acts, or practices in the conduct of trade or commerce are
 unlawful and are defined as follows:

4 (a) Causing a probability of confusion or misunderstanding as
5 to the source, sponsorship, approval, or certification of goods
6 or services.

7 (b) Using deceptive representations or deceptive designations8 of geographic origin in connection with goods or services.

9 (c) Representing that goods or services have sponsorship,
10 approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses, benefits, or
11 quantities that they do not have or that a person has

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sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation, or connection that he
 or she does not have.

3 (d) Representing that goods are new if they are deteriorated,4 altered, reconditioned, used, or secondhand.

5 (e) Representing that goods or services are of a particular
6 standard, quality, or grade, or that goods are of a particular
7 style or model, if they are of another.

8 (f) Disparaging the goods, services, business, or reputation9 of another by false or misleading representation of fact.

10 (g) Advertising or representing goods or services with intent 11 not to dispose of those goods or services as advertised or 12 represented.

(h) Advertising goods or services with intent not to supply reasonably expectable public demand, unless the advertisement discloses a limitation of quantity in immediate conjunction with the advertised goods or services.

17 (i) Making false or misleading statements of fact concerning18 the reasons for, existence of, or amounts of price reductions.

19 (j) Representing that a part, replacement, or repair service20 is needed when it is not.

(k) Representing to a party to whom goods or services are supplied that the goods or services are being supplied in response to a request made by or on behalf of the party, when they are not.

(1) Misrepresenting that because of some defect in a
consumer's home the health, safety, or lives of the consumer or
his or her family are in danger if the product or services are

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not purchased, when in fact the defect does not exist or the
 product or services would not remove the danger.

3 (m) Causing a probability of confusion or of misunderstanding
4 with respect to the authority of a salesperson, representative,
5 or agent to negotiate the final terms of a transaction.

6 (n) Causing a probability of confusion or of misunderstanding
7 as to the legal rights, obligations, or remedies of a party to a
8 transaction.

9 (o) Causing a probability of confusion or of misunderstanding
10 as to the terms or conditions of credit if credit is extended in
11 a transaction.

(p) Disclaiming or limiting the implied warranty of
merchantability and fitness for use, unless a disclaimer is
clearly and conspicuously disclosed.

(q) Representing or implying that the subject of a consumer transaction will be provided promptly, or at a specified time, or within a reasonable time, if the merchant knows or has reason to know it will not be so provided.

(r) Representing that a consumer will receive goods or services "free" or "without charge", or using words of similar import in the representation, without clearly and conspicuously disclosing with equal prominence in immediate conjunction with the use of those words the conditions, terms, or prerequisites to the use or retention of the goods or services advertised.

(s) Failing to reveal a material fact, the omission of which
tends to mislead or deceive the consumer, and which fact could
not reasonably be known by the consumer.

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(t) Entering into a consumer transaction in which the
 consumer waives or purports to waive a right, benefit, or
 immunity provided by law, unless the waiver is clearly stated and
 the consumer has specifically consented to it.

5 (u) Failing, in a consumer transaction that is rescinded, canceled, or otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of 6 an agreement, advertisement, representation, or provision of law, 7 to promptly restore to the person or persons entitled to it a 8 deposit, down payment, or other payment, or in the case of 9 property traded in but not available, the greater of the agreed 10 value or the fair market value of the property, or to cancel 11 12 within a specified time or an otherwise reasonable time an 13 acquired security interest.

14 (v) Taking or arranging for the consumer to sign an
15 acknowledgment, certificate, or other writing affirming
16 acceptance, delivery, compliance with a requirement of law, or
17 other performance, if the merchant knows or has reason to know
18 that the statement is not true.

(w) Representing that a consumer will receive a rebate,
discount, or other benefit as an inducement for entering into a
transaction, if the benefit is contingent on an event to occur
subsequent to the consummation of the transaction.

(x) Taking advantage of the consumer's inability reasonably
to protect his or her interests by reason of disability,
illiteracy, or inability to understand the language of an
agreement presented by the other party to the transaction who
knows or reasonably should know of the consumer's inability.

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(y) Gross discrepancies between the oral representations of
 the seller and the written agreement covering the same
 transaction or failure of the other party to the transaction to
 provide the promised benefits.

5 (z) Charging the consumer a price that is grossly in excess6 of the price at which similar property or services are sold.

7 (aa) Causing coercion and duress as the result of the time8 and nature of a sales presentation.

9 (bb) Making a representation of fact or statement of fact
10 material to the transaction such that a person reasonably
11 believes the represented or suggested state of affairs to be
12 other than it actually is.

13 (cc) Failing to reveal facts that are material to the 14 transaction in light of representations of fact made in a 15 positive manner.

16 (dd) Subject to subdivision (ee), representations by the 17 manufacturer of a product or package that the product or package 18 is 1 or more of the following:

19 (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii), recycled,
20 recyclable, degradable, or is of a certain recycled content, in
21 violation of guides for the use of environmental marketing
22 claims, 16 <u>C.F.R.</u> CFR part 260.

(*ii*) For container holding devices regulated under part 163
of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994
PA 451, MCL 324.16301 to 324.16303, representations by a
manufacturer that the container holding device is degradable
contrary to the definition provided in that act.

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(ee) Representing that a product or package is degradable,
 biodegradable, or photodegradable unless it can be substantiated
 by evidence that the product or package will completely decompose
 into elements found in nature within a reasonably short period of
 time after consumers use the product and dispose of the product
 or the package in a landfill or composting facility, as
 appropriate.

8 (ff) Offering a consumer a prize if in order to claim the 9 prize the consumer is required to submit to a sales presentation, 10 unless a written disclosure is given to the consumer at the time 11 the consumer is notified of the prize and the written disclosure 12 meets all of the following requirements:

13 (i) Is written or printed in a bold type that is not smaller14 than 10-point.

15 (*ii*) Fully describes the prize, including its cash value, won16 by the consumer.

17 (*iii*) Contains all the terms and conditions for claiming the
18 prize, including a statement that the consumer is required to
19 submit to a sales presentation.

(*iv*) Fully describes the product, real estate, investment,
service, membership, or other item that is or will be offered for
sale, including the price of the least expensive item and the
most expensive item.

(gg) Violating 1971 PA 227, MCL 445.111 to 445.117, in connection with a home solicitation sale or telephone solicitation, including, but not limited to, having an independent courier service or other third party pick up a

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consumer's payment on a home solicitation sale during the period
 the consumer is entitled to cancel the sale.

3 (hh) If a credit card or debit card is used for payment in a consumer transaction, issuing or delivering a receipt to the 4 5 consumer that displays any part of the expiration date of the card or more than the last 4 digits of the consumer's account 6 This subdivision does not apply if the only receipt 7 number. 8 issued in a consumer transaction is a credit card or debit card receipt on which the account number or expiration date is 9 handwritten, mechanically imprinted, or photocopied. 10 This 11 subdivision applies to any consumer transaction that occurs on or 12 after March 1, 2005, except that if a credit or debit card 13 receipt is printed in a consumer transaction by an electronic 14 device, this subdivision applies to any consumer transaction that 15 occurs using that device only after 1 of the following dates, as 16 applicable:

17 (i) If the electronic device is placed in service after March
18 1, 2005, July 1, 2005 or the date the device is placed in
19 service, whichever is later.

20 (*ii*) If the electronic device is in service on or before
21 March 1, 2005, July 1, 2006.

(2) The attorney general may promulgate rules to implement
this act under the administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969
PA 306, MCL 24.201 to 24.328. The rules shall not create an
additional unfair trade practice not already enumerated by this
section. However, to assure national uniformity, rules shall not
be promulgated to implement subsection (1)(dd) or (ee).

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1 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect March **2** 1, 2005.