SENATE BILL No. 55

	January 16, 2013, Introduced by Senators GREEN and BOOHER and referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, Environment and Great Lakes.
	A bill to amend 1893 PA 206, entitled
	"The general property tax act,"
	by amending section 7dd (MCL 211.7dd), as amended by 2012 PA 324.
	THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:
1	Sec. 7dd. As used in sections 7cc and 7ee:
2	(a) "Owner" means any of the following:
3	(i) A person who owns property or who is purchasing property
4	under a land contract.
5	(ii) A person who is a partial owner of property.
6	(iii) A person who owns property as a result of being a
7	beneficiary of a will or trust or as a result of intestate
8	succession.
9	(iv) A person who owns or is purchasing a dwelling on leased
10	land.
11	(v) A person holding a life lease in property previously sold

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1 or transferred to another.

2 (vi) A grantor who has placed the property in a revocable trust
3 or a qualified personal residence trust.

4 (vii) The sole present beneficiary of a trust if the trust 5 purchased or acquired the property as a principal residence for the 6 sole present beneficiary of the trust, and the sole present beneficiary of the trust is totally and permanently disabled. As 7 used in this subparagraph, "totally and permanently disabled" means 8 9 disability as defined in section 216 of title II of the social 10 security act, 42 USC 416, without reqard as to whether the sole 11 present beneficiary of the trust has reached the age of retirement. 12 (viii) A cooperative housing corporation.

13 (*ix*) A facility registered under the living care disclosure14 act, 1976 PA 440, MCL 554.801 to 554.844.

(b) "Person", for purposes of defining owner as used in section 7cc, means an individual and for purposes of defining owner as used in section 7ee means an individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other legal entity.

20 (c) "Principal residence" means the 1 place where an owner of the property has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home to 21 22 which, whenever absent, he or she intends to return and that shall continue as a principal residence until another principal residence 23 24 is established. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, principal residence includes only that portion of a dwelling or 25 unit in a multiple-unit dwelling that is subject to ad valorem 26 27 taxes and that is owned and occupied by an owner of the dwelling or

unit. Principal residence also includes all of an owner's 1 2 unoccupied property classified as residential that is adjoining or 3 contiguous to the dwelling subject to ad valorem taxes and that is 4 owned and occupied by the owner. Beginning December 31, 2007, 5 principal residence also includes all of an owner's unoccupied 6 property classified as timber-cutover real property under section 34c that is adjoining or contiguous to the dwelling subject to ad 7 valorem taxes and that is owned and occupied by the owner. 8 9 Contiguity is not broken by boundary between local tax collecting 10 units, a road, a right-of-way, or property purchased or taken under 11 condemnation proceedings by a public utility for power transmission 12 lines if the 2 parcels separated by the purchased or condemned 13 property were a single parcel prior to the sale or condemnation. 14 Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, principal 15 residence also includes any portion of a dwelling or unit of an 16 owner that is rented or leased to another person as a residence as 17 long as that portion of the dwelling or unit that is rented or 18 leased is less than 50% of the total square footage of living space 19 in that dwelling or unit. Principal residence also includes a life 20 care facility registered under the living care disclosure act, 1976 21 PA 440, MCL 554.801 to 554.844. Principal residence also includes 22 property owned by a cooperative housing corporation and occupied by 23 tenant stockholders. Property that qualified as a principal 24 residence shall continue to qualify as a principal residence for 3 years after all or any portion of the dwelling or unit included in 25 26 or constituting the principal residence is rented or leased to 27 another person as a residence if all of the following conditions

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1 are satisfied:

2 (i) The owner of the dwelling or unit is absent while on active
3 duty in the armed forces of the United States.

4 (*ii*) The dwelling or unit would otherwise qualify as the5 owner's principal residence.

6 (iii) Except as otherwise provided in this subparagraph, the owner files an affidavit with the assessor of the local tax 7 collecting unit on or before May 1 attesting that it is his or her 8 9 intent to occupy the dwelling or unit as a principal residence upon 10 completion of active duty in the armed forces of the United States. 11 In 2008 only, the owner may file an affidavit under this 12 subparagraph on or before December 31. A copy of an affidavit filed 13 under this subparagraph shall be forwarded to the department of 14 treasury pursuant to a schedule prescribed by the department of 15 treasury.

(d) "Qualified agricultural property" means unoccupied 16 17 property and related buildings classified as agricultural, or other 18 unoccupied property and related buildings located on that property 19 devoted primarily to agricultural use as defined in section 36101 20 of the natural resources and environmental protection act, 1994 PA 451, MCL 324.36101. Related buildings include a residence occupied 21 by a person employed in or actively involved in the agricultural 22 23 use and who has not claimed a principal residence exemption on 24 other property. For taxes levied after December 31, 2008, property shall not lose its status as qualified agricultural property as a 25 26 result of an owner or lessee of that property implementing a 27 wildlife risk mitigation action plan. Notwithstanding any other

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provision of this act to the contrary, if after December 31, 2008 1 2 the classification of property was changed as a result of the implementation of a wildlife risk mitigation action plan, the owner 3 4 of that property may appeal that change in classification to the 5 board of review under section 30 in the year in which the 6 amendatory act that added this sentence takes effect or in the 3 immediately succeeding years. Within 30 days of the effective date 7 of the amendatory act that added the immediately preceding 8 9 sentence, the department of treasury shall update its publication 10 entitled "Qualified Agricultural Property Exemption Guidelines" and 11 shall post that updated publication on the department of treasury 12 website. Property used for commercial storage, commercial 13 processing, commercial distribution, commercial marketing, or 14 commercial shipping operations or other commercial or industrial 15 purposes is not qualified agricultural property. A parcel of 16 property is devoted primarily to agricultural use only if more than 17 50% of the parcel's acreage is devoted to agricultural use OR IF 18 MORE THAN 50% OF THE PARCEL'S ACREAGE IS DEVOTED TO A COMBINATION 19 OF AGRICULTURAL USE AND IS EXEMPT UNDER SECTION 7JJ[1] AS QUALIFIED 20 FOREST PROPERTY. An owner shall not receive an exemption for that 21 portion of the total state equalized valuation of the property that 22 is used for a commercial or industrial purpose or that is a 23 residence that is not a related building. As used in this 24 subdivision:

25 (i) "Project" means certain risk mitigating measures, which may
26 include, but are not limited to, the following:

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(A) Making it difficult for wildlife to access feed by storing

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livestock feed securely, restricting wildlife access to feeding and watering areas, and deterring or reducing wildlife presence around livestock feed by storing feed in an enclosed barn, wrapping bales or covering stacks with tarps, closing ends of bags, storing grains in animal-proof containers or bins, maintaining fences, practicing small mammal and rodent control, or feeding away from wildlife cover.

(B) Minimizing wildlife access to livestock feed and water by 8 9 feeding livestock in an enclosed area, feeding in open areas near 10 buildings and human activity, removing extra or waste feed when 11 livestock are moved, using hay feeders to reduce waste, using 12 artificial water systems to help keep livestock from sharing water 13 sources with wildlife, fencing off stagnant ponds, wetlands, or 14 areas of wildlife habitats that pose a disease risk, and keeping 15 mineral feeders near buildings and human activity or using devices 16 that restrict wildlife usage.

(*ii*) "Wildlife risk mitigation action plan" means a written
plan consisting of 1 or more projects to help reduce the risks of a
communicable disease spreading between wildlife and livestock that
is approved by the department of agriculture under the animal
industry act, 1988 PA 466, MCL 287.701 to 287.745.287.746.

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