SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 5126

A bill to amend 1976 PA 451, entitled "The revised school code,"

by amending section 1307h (MCL 380.1307h), as added by 2016 PA 402.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

- 1 Sec. 1307h. As used in sections 1307 to 1307h:
- 2 (a) "Chemical restraint" means the administration of
- 3 medication for the purpose of restraint.
- 4 (b) "De-escalation techniques" means evidence- and research-
- 5 based strategically employed verbal or nonverbal interventions used
- 6 to reduce the intensity of threatening behavior before, during, and
- 7 after a crisis situation occurs.
- 8 (c) "Documentation" means documentation developed by the
- 9 department that is uniform across the state.

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1 (d) "Emergency physical restraint" means a last resort 2 emergency safety intervention involving physical restraint that is necessitated by an ongoing emergency situation and that provides an 3 4 opportunity for the pupil to regain self-control while maintaining 5 the safety of the pupil and others. Emergency physical restraint does not include physical restraint that is used for the 6 convenience of school personnel, as a substitute for an educational 7 program, as a form of discipline or punishment, as a substitute for 8 9 less restrictive alternatives, as a substitute for adequate 10 staffing, or as a substitute for school personnel training in 11 positive behavioral intervention and support. Emergency physical 12 restraint does not include a practice prohibited under section 13 1307b. Emergency physical restraint does not include physical 14 restraint when contraindicated based on a pupil's disability, health care needs, or medical or psychiatric condition, as 15 documented in a record or records made available to the school. 16 17 (e) "Emergency seclusion" means a last resort emergency safety intervention involving seclusion that is necessitated by an ongoing 18 19 emergency situation and that provides an opportunity for the pupil 20 to regain self-control while maintaining the safety of the pupil 21 and others. To qualify as emergency seclusion, there must be continuous observation by school personnel of the pupil in 22 23 seclusion, and the room or area used for confinement must comply 24 with state and local fire and building codes; must not be locked; 25 must not prevent the pupil from exiting the area if school personnel become incapacitated or leave that area; and must provide 26 27 for adequate space, lighting, ventilation, viewing, and the safety

- 1 and dignity of the pupil and others, in accordance with department
- 2 guidelines. Emergency seclusion does not include the confinement of
- 3 preschool children or of pupils who are severely self-injurious or
- 4 suicidal; seclusion that is used for the convenience of school
- 5 personnel, as a substitute for an educational program, as a form of
- 6 discipline or punishment, as a substitute for less restrictive
- 7 alternatives, as a substitute for adequate staffing, or as a
- 8 substitute for school personnel training in positive behavioral
- 9 intervention and support; or a practice prohibited under section
- 10 1307b. Emergency seclusion does not include seclusion when
- 11 contraindicated based on a pupil's disability, health care needs,
- 12 or medical or psychiatric condition, as documented in a record or
- 13 records made available to the school.
- 14 (f) "Emergency situation" means a situation in which a pupil's
- 15 behavior poses imminent risk to the safety of the individual pupil
- 16 or to the safety of others. An emergency situation requires an
- 17 immediate intervention.
- 18 (g) "Functional behavioral assessment" means an evidence- and
- 19 research-based systematic process for identifying the events that
- 20 trigger and maintain problem behavior in an educational setting. A
- 21 functional behavioral assessment shall describe specific
- 22 problematic behaviors, report the frequency of the behaviors,
- 23 assess environmental and other setting conditions where problematic
- 24 behaviors occur, and identify the factors that are maintaining the
- 25 behaviors over time.
- (h) "Key identified personnel" means those individuals who
- 27 have received the mandatory training described in section

- 1 1307g(b)(i) to (xvi).
- 2 (I) "LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL LICENSED
- 3 UNDER THE MICHIGAN COMMISSION ON LAW ENFORCEMENT STANDARDS ACT,
- 4 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 TO 28.615.
- 5 (J) (i) "Mechanical restraint" means the use of any device,
- 6 article, garment, or material attached to or adjacent to a pupil's
- 7 body to perform restraint.
- 8 (K) (j)—"Physical restraint" means restraint involving direct
- 9 physical contact.
- 10 (l) (k)—"Positive behavioral intervention and support" means a
- 11 framework to assist school personnel in adopting and organizing
- 12 evidence-based behavioral interventions into an integrated
- 13 continuum of intensifying supports based on pupil need that unites
- 14 examination of the function of the problem behavior and the
- 15 teaching of alternative skill repertoires to enhance academic and
- 16 social behavior outcomes for all pupils.
- 17 (M) (l)—"Positive behavioral intervention and support plan"
- 18 means a pupil-specific support plan composed of individualized,
- 19 functional behavioral assessment-based intervention strategies,
- 20 including, as appropriate to the pupil, guidance or instruction for
- 21 the pupil to use new skills as a replacement for problem behaviors,
- 22 some rearrangement of the antecedent environment so that problems
- 23 can be prevented and desirable behaviors can be encouraged, and
- 24 procedures for monitoring, evaluating, and modifying the plan as
- 25 necessary.
- 26 (N) (m) "Prone restraint" means the restraint of an individual
- 27 facedown.

(O) (n)—"Regularly and continuously work under contract" means
 that term as defined in section 1230.

(P) (o) "Restraint" means an action that prevents or

- 4 significantly restricts a pupil's movement. Restraint does not 5 include the brief holding of a pupil in order to calm or comfort, the minimum contact necessary to physically escort a pupil from 1 6 area to another, the minimum contact necessary to assist a pupil in 7 completing a task or response if the pupil does not resist or 8 9 resistance is minimal in intensity or duration, or the holding of a pupil for a brief time in order to prevent an impulsive behavior 10 11 that threatens the pupil's immediate safety, such as running in 12 front of a car. Restraint does not include the administration of 13 medication prescribed by and administered in accordance with the 14 directions of a physician, an adaptive or protective device recommended by a physician or therapist when it is used as 15
- recommended, or safety equipment used by the general pupil
 population as intended, such as a seat belt or safety harness on
 school transportation. Restraint does not include necessary actions
- taken to break up a fight, to stop a physical assault, as definedin section 1310, or to take a weapon from a pupil. Restraint does
- 21 not include actions that are an integral part of a sporting event,
- 22 such as a referee pulling football players off of a pile or a
- 23 similar action.

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- 1 seated or kneeling position in which an individual being restrained
- 2 is bent over at the waist and restraint that involves sitting or
- 3 lying across an individual's back or stomach.
- 4 (R) (g) "School personnel" includes all individuals employed
- 5 in a public school or assigned to regularly and continuously work
- 6 under contract or under agreement in a public school, or public
- 7 school personnel providing service at a nonpublic school. EXCEPT
- 8 FOR SECTIONS 1307D AND 1307F, SCHOOL PERSONNEL DOES NOT INCLUDE A
- 9 LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER ASSIGNED TO REGULARLY AND CONTINUOUSLY WORK
- 10 UNDER CONTRACT OR UNDER AGREEMENT IN A PUBLIC SCHOOL.
- 11 (S) (r)—"Seclusion" means the confinement of a pupil in a room
- 12 or other space from which the pupil is physically prevented from
- 13 leaving. Seclusion does not include the general confinement of
- 14 pupils if that confinement is an integral part of an emergency
- 15 lockdown drill required under section 19(5) of the fire prevention
- 16 code, 1941 PA 207, MCL 29.19, or of another emergency security
- 17 procedure that is necessary to protect the safety of pupils.
- 18 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days
- 19 after the date it is enacted into law.