HOUSE BILL No. 5645

February 27, 2018, Introduced by Rep. Barrett and referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A bill to amend 1961 PA 236, entitled "Revised judicature act of 1961," by amending section 2163a (MCL 600.2163a), as amended by 2012 PA 170.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

Sec. 2163a. (1) As used in this section:

2 (A) "COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG" MEANS A DOG THAT HAS BEEN TRAINED AND EVALUATED AS A SUPPORT DOG PURSUANT TO THE ASSISTANCE DOGS 3 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS FOR GUIDE OR SERVICE WORK AND THAT IS 4 5 REPURPOSED AND APPROPRIATE FOR PROVIDING EMOTIONAL SUPPORT TO CHILDREN AND ADULTS WITHIN THE COURT OR LEGAL SYSTEM OR THAT HAS 6 7 PERFORMED THE DUTIES OF A COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE AMENDATORY ACT THAT ADDED THIS DEFINITION. 8 9 (B) (a) "Custodian of the videorecorded statement" means the

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department of HEALTH AND human services, investigating law
 enforcement agency, prosecuting attorney, or department of attorney
 general or another person designated under the county protocols
 established as required by section 8 of the child protection law,
 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628.

6 (C) (b)—"Developmental disability" means that term as defined 7 in section 100a of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1100a, except that, for the purposes of implementing this 8 9 section, developmental disability includes only a condition that is 10 attributable to a mental impairment or to a combination of mental 11 and physical impairments and does not include a condition 12 attributable to a physical impairment unaccompanied by a mental 13 impairment.

(D) (c) "Videorecorded statement" means a witness's statement taken by a custodian of the videorecorded statement as provided in subsection (5). (7). Videorecorded statement does not include a videorecorded deposition taken as provided in subsections (18) (20) and (19).(21).

(E) (d)—"Vulnerable adult" means that term as defined in
section 145m of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.145m.

(F) (e) "Witness" means an alleged victim of an offense listed
 under subsection (2) who is any of the following:

23 (i) A person under 16 years of age.

24 (*ii*) A person 16 years of age or older with a developmental25 disability.

26 (*iii*) A vulnerable adult.

27 (2) This section only applies to the following:

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(a) For purposes of subsection (1) (e) (i) (1) (F) (i) and (ii),
prosecutions and proceedings under section 136b, 145c, 520b to
520e, or 520g of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL
750.136b, 750.145c, 750.520b to 750.520e, and 750.520g. , or under
former section 136 or 136a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328.
(b) For purposes of subsection (1) (e) (iii), (1) (F) (iii), 1 or

7 more of the following MATTERS:

8 (i) Prosecutions and proceedings under section 110a, 145n,
9 1450, 145p, 174, or 174a of the Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328,
10 MCL 750.110a, 750.145n, 750.1450, 750.145p, 750.174, and 750.174a.
11 (ii) Prosecutions and proceedings for an assaultive crime as
12 that term is defined in section 9a of chapter X of the code of
13 criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 770.9a.

14 (3) If pertinent, THE COURT MUST PERMIT the witness shall be
15 permitted the TO use of dolls or mannequins, including, but not
16 limited to, anatomically correct dolls or mannequins, to assist the
17 witness in testifying on direct and cross-examination.

18 (4) A-THE COURT MUST PERMIT A witness who is called upon to 19 testify shall be permitted to have a support person sit with, 20 accompany, or be in close proximity to the witness during his or 21 her testimony. A notice of intent to use a support person shall 22 name the support person, identify the relationship the support 23 person has with the witness, and give notice to all parties to the 24 proceeding that the witness may request that the named support 25 person sit with the witness when the witness is called upon to 26 testify during any stage of the proceeding. The notice of intent to 27 use a named support person shall be filed with the court and shall

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be served upon all parties to the proceeding. The court shall rule on a motion objecting to the use of a named support person before the date at which the witness desires to use the support person.THE COURT MUST ALSO PERMIT A WITNESS WHO IS CALLED UPON TO TESTIFY TO HAVE A COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG AND HANDLER SIT WITH, OR BE IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO, THE WITNESS DURING HIS OR HER TESTIMONY.

7 (5) A NOTICE OF INTENT TO USE A SUPPORT PERSON OR COURTROOM 8 SUPPORT DOG IS ONLY REQUIRED IF THE SUPPORT PERSON OR COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG IS TO BE UTILIZED DURING TRIAL AND IS NOT REQUIRED FOR 9 THE USE OF A SUPPORT PERSON OR COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG DURING ANY 10 11 OTHER COURTROOM PROCEEDING. A NOTICE OF INTENT UNDER THIS 12 SUBSECTION MUST BE FILED WITH THE COURT AND MUST BE SERVED UPON ALL PARTIES TO THE PROCEEDING. THE NOTICE MUST NAME THE SUPPORT PERSON 13 OR COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG, IDENTIFY THE RELATIONSHIP THE SUPPORT 14 PERSON HAS WITH THE WITNESS, IF APPLICABLE, AND GIVE NOTICE TO ALL 15 PARTIES THAT THE WITNESS MAY REQUEST THAT THE NAMED SUPPORT PERSON 16 OR COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG SIT WITH THE WITNESS WHEN THE WITNESS IS 17 CALLED UPON TO TESTIFY DURING TRIAL. A COURT MUST RULE ON A MOTION 18 19 OBJECTING TO THE USE OF A NAMED SUPPORT PERSON OR COURTROOM SUPPORT 20 DOG BEFORE THE DATE WHEN THE WITNESS DESIRES TO USE THE SUPPORT PERSON OR COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG. 21

(6) AN AGENCY THAT SUPPLIES A COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG UNDER THIS
SECTION CONVEYS ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG TO
THE PARTICIPATING PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OR GOVERNMENT ENTITY IN
CHARGE OF THE LOCAL COURTROOM SUPPORT DOG PROGRAM DURING THE PERIOD
OF TIME THE PARTICIPATING PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE OR GOVERNMENT ENTITY
IN CHARGE OF THE LOCAL PROGRAM IS UTILIZING THE COURTROOM SUPPORT

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1 DOG.

2 (7) (5) A custodian of the videorecorded statement may take a 3 witness's videorecorded statement before the normally scheduled 4 date for the defendant's preliminary examination. The videorecorded statement shall MUST state the date and time that the statement was 5 taken; shall MUST identify the persons present in the room and 6 state whether they were present for the entire videorecording or 7 only a portion of the videorecording; and shall MUST show a time 8 9 clock that is running during the taking of the videorecorded 10 statement.

(8) (6) A videorecorded statement may be considered in court
 proceedings only for 1 or more of the following PURPOSES:

(a) It may be admitted as evidence at all pretrial proceedings, except that it may not CANNOT be introduced at the preliminary examination instead of the live testimony of the witness.

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(b) It may be admitted for impeachment purposes.

18 (c) It may be considered by the court in determining the19 sentence.

20 (d) It may be used as a factual basis for a no contest plea or21 to supplement a guilty plea.

(9) (7) A videorecorded deposition may be considered in court
proceedings only as provided by law.

(10) (8) In a videorecorded statement, the questioning of the
witness should be full and complete; shall MUST be in accordance
with the forensic interview protocol implemented as required by
section 8 of the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628, or

as otherwise provided by law; and, if appropriate for the witness's
 developmental level or mental acuity, shall MUST include, but is
 not limited to, all of the following areas:

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(a) The time and date of the alleged offense or offenses.(b) The location and area of the alleged offense or offenses.(c) The relationship, if any, between the witness and the accused.

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(d) The details of the offense or offenses.

9 (e) The names of any other persons known to the witness who 10 may have personal knowledge of the alleged offense or offenses. (11) (9) A custodian of the videorecorded statement may 11 12 release or consent to the release or use of a videorecorded 13 statement or copies of a videorecorded statement to a law 14 enforcement agency, an agency authorized to prosecute the criminal case to which the videorecorded statement relates, or an entity 15 that is part of county protocols established under section 8 of the 16 17 child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628, or as otherwise 18 provided by law. The defendant and, if represented, his or her 19 attorney has the right to view and hear a videorecorded statement 20 before the defendant's preliminary examination. Upon request, the 21 prosecuting attorney shall provide the defendant and, if 22 represented, his or her attorney with reasonable access and means 23 to view and hear the videorecorded statement at a reasonable time 24 before the defendant's pretrial or trial of the case. In 25 preparation for a court proceeding and under protective conditions, 26 including, but not limited to, a prohibition on the copying, 27 release, display, or circulation of the videorecorded statement,

the court may order that a copy of the videorecorded statement be
 given to the defense.

(12) (10) If authorized by the prosecuting attorney in the
county in which the videorecorded statement was taken, a
videorecorded statement may be used for purposes of training the
custodians of the videorecorded statement in that county on the
forensic interview protocol implemented as required by section 8 of
the child protection law, 1975 PA 238, MCL 722.628, or as otherwise
provided by law.

10 (13) (11) Except as provided in this section, an individual, 11 including, but not limited to, a custodian of the videorecorded 12 statement, the witness, or the witness's parent, guardian, guardian 13 ad litem, or attorney, shall not release or consent to release a 14 videorecorded statement or a copy of a videorecorded statement.

15 (14) (12) A videorecorded statement that becomes part of the 16 court record is subject to a protective order of the court for the 17 purpose of protecting the privacy of the witness.

(15) (13) A videorecorded statement shall MUST not be copied 18 19 or reproduced in any manner except as provided in this section. A 20 videorecorded statement is exempt from disclosure under the freedom 21 of information act, 1976 PA 442, MCL 15.231 to 15.246, is not 22 subject to release under another statute, and is not subject to 23 disclosure under the Michigan court rules governing discovery. This 24 section does not prohibit the production or release of a transcript 25 of a videorecorded statement.

26 (16) (14) If, upon the motion of a party made before the
27 preliminary examination, the court finds on the record that the

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special arrangements specified in subsection (15) (17) are
 necessary to protect the welfare of the witness, the court shall
 MUST order those special arrangements. In determining whether it is
 necessary to protect the welfare of the witness, the court shall
 MUST consider all of the following FACTORS:

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(a) The age of the witness.

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(b) The nature of the offense or offenses.

8 (c) The desire of the witness or the witness's family or
9 guardian to have the testimony taken in a room closed to the
10 public.

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(d) The physical condition of the witness.

12 (17) (15) If the court determines on the record that it is 13 necessary to protect the welfare of the witness and grants the 14 motion made under subsection (14), (16), the court shall MUST order 15 both of the following:

(a) All THAT ALL persons not necessary to the proceeding shall
MUST be excluded during the witness's testimony from the courtroom
where the preliminary examination is held. Upon request by any
person and the payment of the appropriate fees, a transcript of the
witness's testimony shall MUST be made available.

(b) In order to protect the witness from directly viewing the defendant, THAT the courtroom shall be arranged so that the defendant is seated as far from the witness stand as is reasonable and not directly in front of the witness stand IN ORDER TO PROTECT THE WITNESS FROM DIRECTLY VIEWING THE DEFENDANT. The defendant's position shall MUST be located so as to allow the defendant to hear and see the witness and be able to communicate with his or her

1 attorney.

2 (18) (16) If upon the motion of a party made before trial the court finds on the record that the special arrangements specified 3 4 in subsection (17) (19) are necessary to protect the welfare of the 5 witness, the court shall MUST order those special arrangements. In 6 determining whether it is necessary to protect the welfare of the witness, the court shall MUST consider all of the following 7 8 FACTORS:

9 (a) The age of the witness.

(b) The nature of the offense or offenses. 10

11 (c) The desire of the witness or the witness's family or 12 guardian to have the testimony taken in a room closed to the 13 public.

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(d) The physical condition of the witness.

15 (19) (17) If the court determines on the record that it is 16 necessary to protect the welfare of the witness and grants the 17 motion made under subsection (16), (18), the court shall MUST order 1 or more of the following: 18

19 (a) All THAT ALL persons not necessary to the proceeding shall 20 be excluded during the witness's testimony from the courtroom where 21 the trial is held. The witness's testimony shall MUST be broadcast 22 by closed-circuit television to the public in another location out 23 of sight of the witness.

24 (b) In order to protect the witness from directly viewing the 25 defendant, THAT the courtroom shall be arranged so that the 26 defendant is seated as far from the witness stand as is reasonable 27 and not directly in front of the witness stand IN ORDER TO PROTECT

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THE WITNESS FROM DIRECTLY VIEWING THE DEFENDANT. The defendant's
 position shall MUST be the same for all witnesses and shall MUST be
 located so as to allow the defendant to hear and see all witnesses
 and be able to communicate with his or her attorney.

5 (c) A-THAT A questioner's stand or podium shall be used for
6 all questioning of all witnesses by all parties and shall MUST be
7 located in front of the witness stand.

8 (20) (18) If, upon the motion of a party or in the court's discretion, the court finds on the record that the witness is or 9 will be psychologically or emotionally unable to testify at a court 10 11 proceeding even with the benefit of the protections afforded the 12 witness in subsections (3), (4), (15), (17), and (17), (19), the court shall MUST order that the witness may testify outside the 13 physical presence of the defendant by closed circuit television or 14 other electronic means that allows the witness to be observed by 15 the trier of fact and the defendant when questioned by the parties. 16

(21) (19) For purposes of the videorecorded deposition under subsection (18), (20), the witness's examination and crossexamination shall MUST proceed in the same manner as if the witness testified at the court proceeding for which the videorecorded deposition is to be used. The court shall MUST permit the defendant to hear the testimony of the witness and to consult with his or her attorney.

24 (22) (20) This section is in addition to other protections or
25 procedures afforded to a witness by law or court rule.

26 (23) (21) A person who intentionally releases a videorecorded
27 statement in violation of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor

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punishable by imprisonment for not more than 93 days or a fine of
 not more than \$500.00, or both.

3 Enacting section 1. This amendatory act takes effect 90 days4 after the date it is enacted into law.