## SENATE BILL No． 1012

May 16，2018，Introduced by Senator ROBERTSON and referred to the Committee on Elections and Government Reform．

A bill to amend 1954 PA 116，entitled ＂Michigan election law，＂ by amending sections 736b，736c，736d，736e，951a，and 952 （MCL 168．736b，168．736c，168．736d，168．736e，168．951a，and 168．952）， sections 736b，736d，and 736e as added by 2012 PA 128，section 736 c as amended by 2015 PA 268，and section 951a as added and section 952 as amended by 2012 PA 417.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT：
1
2 election shall－MUST either contain the following ballot marking
3 instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or 4 shall－MUST have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot

```
secrecy sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following
ballot marking instructions:
```

PRIMARY ELECTION
TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].

TO VOTE: Complete the arrow-COMPLETELY DARKEN THE BOX opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].

IMPORTANT: To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR!

PARTISAN SECTION: There are two MAY BE MULTIPLE party sections on the ballot. : Republican Party and Democratic party.-Select the party section of your choice. YOU MAY VOTE IN ONE PARTY SECTION ONLY; YOU CANNOT "SPLIT YOUR TICKET." IF YOU VOTE IN MORE THAN ONE PARTY SECTION, YOUR PARTISAN BALLOT WILL BE REJECTED. DO NOT vote for more candidates than indicated under each office title.

WRITE-IN CANDIDATES: To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, write or place the name of that candidate in the blank space provided and (completely daxken the oval) or (complete the arrow). COMPLETELY DARKEN THE VOTING TARGET AREA. Do not cast a write-in vote for a candidate whose name is already printed on the ballot for that office. CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain to check the reverse side of the ballot.

WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by absentee ballot, follow the
instructions provided by the clerk for returning the ballot.) NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or correct any marks made in error.

Sec. 736c. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a general election shall-MUST either contain the following ballot marking instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or shall-MUST have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking instructions:

## GENERAL ELECTION

TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].
-- OR --
TO VOTE: Complete the arrow COMPLETELY DARKEN THE BOX opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].

IMPORTANT: To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen.
DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR!
PARTISAN SECTION: To vote the partisan section of the ballot, you may cast a "mixed ticket."

Mixed Ticket: Vote for the individual candidates of your choice in each office.

NONPARTISAN and PROPOSAL SECTIONS of the ballot (if any) must be voted separately.

DO NOT vote for more candidates than indicated under each office title.

WRITE-IN CANDIDATES: To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, write or place the name of that candidate
in the blank space provided and (completely darken the oval) or
(complete the arrow).-COMPLETELY DARKEN THE VOTING TARGET AREA.
Do not cast a write-in vote for a candidate whose name is
already printed on the ballot for that office.
CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain
to check the reverse side of the ballot.
WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy
sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and the numbered stub is
visible. Return the ballot to the election official stationed at
the tabulator. (If voting by absentee ballot, follow the
instructions provided by the clerk for returning the ballot.)
NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or correct any marks made in error.

Sec. 736d. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a nonpartisan election shall-MUST either contain the following ballot marking instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or shall-MUST have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking instructions:

## NONPARTISAN ELECTION

TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].
-- OR --
TO VOTE: Complete the arxow-COMPLETELY DARKEN THE BOX opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].

IMPORTANT: To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR!

DO NOT vote for more candidates than indicated under each office title.

WRITE-IN CANDIDATES: To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, write or place the name of that candidate in the blank space provided and (completely darken the oval) or (complete the arrow).-COMPLETELY DARKEN THE VOTING TARGET AREA. Do not cast a write-in vote for a candidate whose name is already printed on the ballot for that office.

CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain to check the reverse side of the ballot.

WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by absentee ballot, follow the instructions provided by the clerk for returning the ballot.) NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or correct any marks made in error.

Sec. 736e. Each ballot secrecy sleeve used at a special election shall-MUST either contain the following ballot marking instructions printed on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve or shall-MUST have a clear plastic pocket on the front of the ballot secrecy sleeve that contains a printed copy of the following ballot marking instructions:

SPECIAL ELECTION
TO VOTE: Completely darken the oval opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].
-- OR --

TO VOTE: Complete the arxow-COMPLETELY DARKEN THE BOX opposite each choice AS SHOWN: [INSERT GRAPHIC HERE].

IMPORTANT: To mark your ballot, use only a black or blue ink pen. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER INK COLOR!
CHECK BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT: This ballot has two sides. Be certain to check the reverse side of the ballot.

WHEN YOU HAVE COMPLETED VOTING: Place the ballot in the secrecy sleeve so that votes cannot be seen and the numbered stub is visible. Return the ballot to the election official stationed at the tabulator. (If voting by absentee ballot, follow the instructions provided by the clerk for returning the ballot.) NOTE: If you make a mistake, return your ballot to the election official and obtain a new ballot. Do not attempt to erase or correct any marks made in error.

Sec. 951a. (1) A petition for the recall of an officer listed in section 959 shall-MUST meet all of the following requirements:
(a) Comply with section 544c(1) and (2).
(b) Be printed.
(c) State factually and clearly each reason for the recall. Each reason for the recall shall-MUST be based upon the officer's conduct during his or her current term of office. The reason for the recall may be typewritten. If any reason for the recall is based on the officer's conduct in connection with specific legislation, the reason for the recall shall MUST not misrepresent the content of the specific legislation.
(d) Contain a certificate of the circulator. The certificate of the circulator may be printed on the reverse side of the
petition.
(e) Be in a form prescribed by the secretary of state.
(2) Before being circulated, a petition for the recall of an officer under subsection (1) shall-MUST be submitted to the board of state canvassers.
(3) The board of state canvassers, not less than 10 days or more than 20 days after submission to it of a petition for the recall of an officer under subsection (1), shall meet and shall determine by an affirmative vote of 3 of the members serving on the board of state canvassers whether each reason for the recall stated in the petition is factual and of sufficient clarity to enable the officer whose recall is sought and the electors to identify the course of conduct that is the basis for the recall. If any reason for the recall is not factual or of sufficient clarity, the entire recall petition shall-MUST be rejected. Failure of the board of state canvassers to meet as required by this subsection shall constitute-CONSTITUTES a determination that each reason for the recall stated in the petition is factual and of sufficient clarity to enable the officer whose recall is being sought and the electors to identify the course of conduct that is the basis for the recall.
(4) The board of state canvassers, not later than 24 hours 3

BUSINESS DAYS after receipt of a petition for the recall of an officer as provided under subsection (2), shall notify the officer whose recall is sought of each reason stated in the recall petition and of the date of the meeting of the board of state canvassers to consider whether each reason is factual and
of sufficient clarity.
(5) The officer whose recall is sought and the sponsors of the recall petition may appear at the meeting and present arguments on whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity.
(6) The determination by the board of state canvassers may be appealed by the officer whose recall is sought or by the sponsors of the recall petition drive to the Michigan court of appeals. The appeal shall MUST be filed not more than 10 days after the determination of the board of state canvassers. If a determination of the board of state canvassers is appealed to the Michigan court of appeals, the recall petition is not valid for circulation and shall-muST not be circulated until a determination of whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity is made by the Michigan court of appeals or until 40 days after the date of the appeal, whichever is sooner.
(7) A petition is not valid for circulation if at any time the Michigan court of appeals determines that each reason on the recall petition is not factual and of sufficient clarity.
(8) A recall petition is valid for 180 days after either of the following, whichever occurs later:
(a) The date of determination of whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity by the board of state canvassers.
(b) The sooner of the following:
(i) The date of determination of whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity by the Michigan court of
appeals.
(ii) Subject to subsection (7), 40 days after the date of the appeal under subsection (6).
(9) A recall petition that is filed after the 180-day period described in subsection (8) is not valid and shall-MUST not be accepted by the filing official under section 961. This subsection does not prohibit a person from resubmitting a recall petition for a determination of sufficient clarity and factualness under this section.

Sec. 952. (1) A petition for the recall of an officer listed in section 960 shall-MUST meet all of the following requirements:
(a) Comply with section 544c(1) and (2).
(b) Be printed.
(c) State factually and clearly each reason for the recall. Each reason for the recall shall-MUST be based upon the officer's conduct during his or her current term of office. The reason for the recall may be typewritten.
(d) Contain a certificate of the circulator. The certificate of the circulator may be printed on the reverse side of the petition.
(e) Be in a form prescribed by the secretary of state.
(2) Before being circulated, a petition for the recall of an officer under subsection (1) shall-MUST be submitted to the board of county election commissioners of the county in which the officer whose recall is sought resides.
(3) The board of county election commissioners, not less than 10 days or more than 20 days after submission to it of a
petition for the recall of an officer under subsection (1), shall meet and shall determine whether each reason for the recall stated in the petition is factual and of sufficient clarity to enable the officer whose recall is sought and the electors to identify the course of conduct that is the basis for the recall. If any reason for the recall is not factual or of sufficient clarity, the entire recall petition shall-MUST be rejected. Failure of the board of county election commissioners to meet as required by this subsection shall constitute-CONSTITUTES a determination that each reason for the recall stated in the petition is factual and of sufficient clarity to enable the officer whose recall is being sought and the electors to identify the course of conduct that is the basis for the recall.
(4) The board of county election commissioners, not later than 24 hours 3 BUSINESS DAYS after receipt of a petition for the recall of an officer as provided under subsection (2), shall notify the officer whose recall is sought of each reason stated in the recall petition and of the date of the meeting of the board of county election commissioners to consider whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity.
(5) The officer whose recall is sought and the sponsors of the recall petition may appear at the meeting and present arguments on whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity.
(6) The determination by the board of county election commissioners may be appealed by the officer whose recall is sought or by the sponsors of the recall petition drive to the
circuit court in the county. The appeal shall MUST be filed not more than 10 days after the determination of the board of county election commissioners. If a determination of the board of county election commissioners is appealed to the circuit court in the county, the recall petition is not valid for circulation and shall-MUST not be circulated until a determination of whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity is made by the circuit court or until 40 days after the date of the appeal, whichever is sooner.
(7) A petition is not valid for circulation if at any time a circuit court determines that each reason on the recall petition is not factual and of sufficient clarity.
(8) A recall petition is valid for 180 days after either of the following, whichever occurs later:
(a) The date of determination of whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity by the board of county election commissioners.
(b) The sooner of the following:
(i) The date of determination of whether each reason is factual and of sufficient clarity by the circuit court.
(ii) Subject to subsection (7), 40 days after the date of the appeal under subsection (6).
(9) A recall petition that is filed after the 180 -day period described in subsection (8) is not valid and shall-MUST not be accepted by the filing official under section 961. This subsection does not prohibit a person from resubmitting a recall petition for a determination of sufficient clarity and

1 factualness under this section.

